

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

City of Lauderhill, FL



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

City of Lauderhill, Florida



For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

Prepared by

City of Lauderhill Finance Department

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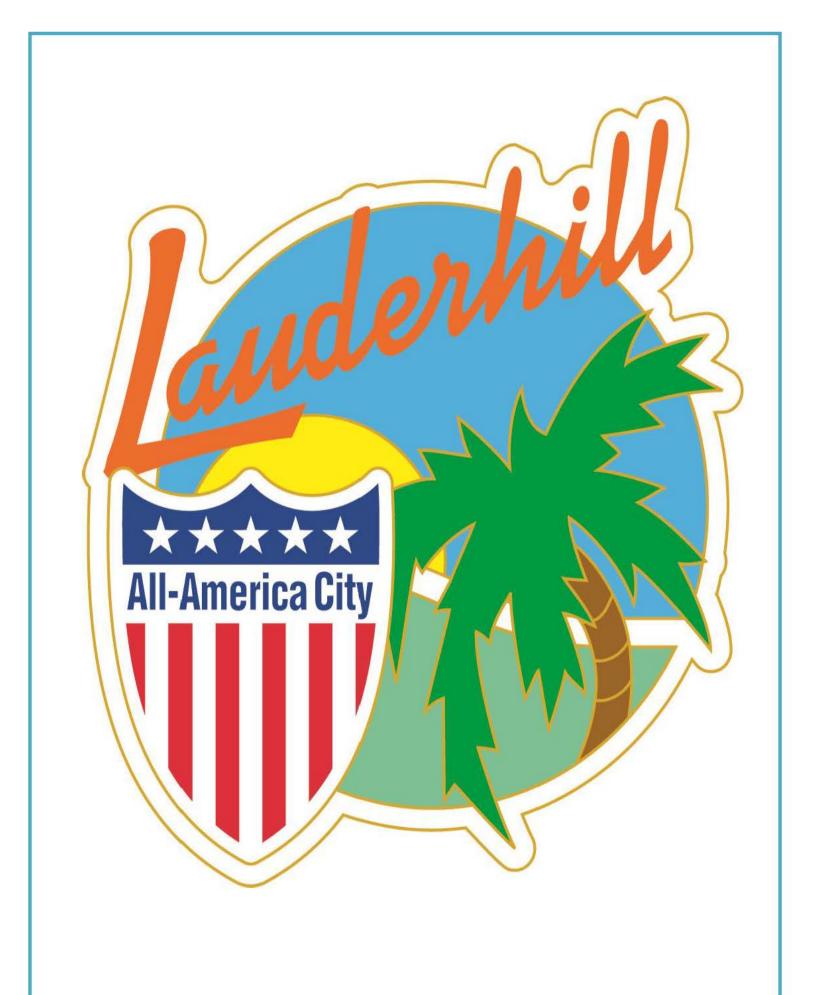
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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March 25, 2019

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Commission, and Citizens of the City of Lauderhill:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Lauderhill, Florida (the City), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, is hereby submitted as mandated by both local ordinances and state statutes. The financial statements included in this report conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and are audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

Management Responsibility

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that is, the presentation fairly shows the financial position and results of the City's operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that the included disclosures will provide the reader with an understanding of the City's financial affairs.

Internal Control

Management of the City of Lauderhill, Florida is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP). In developing and evaluating the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal control. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding: (1) safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and (2) reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes: (1) the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgment by management. All internal control evaluations

occur within the above framework. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of the proper recording of financial transactions.

<u>Audit</u>

The City's financial statements have been audited by S. Davis & Associates, PA. The goal of the independent auditor was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements for fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors, based on their audit, rendered unmodified opinions that the financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

In addition to the standard independent audit of the City's financial statements, this audit was performed as part of a broader, mandated "Single Audit", which is designed to meet the special needs of the federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing single audit engagements require the independent auditors to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state awards. These reports are available in a separately issued single audit report.

Financial Reporting Format

The City has prepared its CAFR using the financial reporting requirements as prescribed by Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments (GASB 34). This GASB Statement requires that Management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City of Lauderhill was incorporated in 1959 and is governed by an elected mayor and four-member City Commission. The Mayor and Commissioners are elected city-wide and serve four-year terms. The City is administered under a commission-manager form of government whereby the Mayor and Commission hire a City Manager for administrative duties. The Commission is responsible for passing resolutions, which generally confirm or direct specific actions; and ordinances, which generally amend the City's permanent Code of Ordinances, for approving the annual budget and setting tax and assessment rates, for

approving capital expenditures and all debt issued by the City, for appointing citizen boards that assist and advise the Commission, and other related legislative duties. The City Manager is responsible for enacting the policies and actions approved by the Commission, for overseeing the daily operations of the City, and for appointing Department Directors and approving their staffing selections.

The City provides a full range of municipal services, including police and fire protection, parks and recreational programs such as swimming, youth sports, and tennis, cultural events and art instruction, a senior citizen community center and sponsored trips, water distribution and sewer and storm water collection, street and bridge repair, maintenance and lighting, public records maintenance, building inspection, business licensing, zoning regulation, code enforcement and grant programs for housing purchase and repairs.

The annual budget is the cornerstone of the City's financial planning and control. The Commission holds public hearings between February and April of each year to gather resident input for new projects and initiatives for the upcoming budget. Given general direction from the Commission following these meetings, Department Directors submit proposed departmental budgets to the City Manager in May. The City Manager reviews each proposal with the Directors and assembles a proposed budget that is delivered to the Commission by July 1.

The Commission holds public workshops in July to discuss and amend the City Manager's proposed budget. The final version of the proposed budget, including the proposed millage rate, is voted on in two public Commission meetings in September. The budget goes into effect October 1 and covers the fiscal year, which ends the following September 30th. During the fiscal year, the City Manager may approve transfers of funds among line items within a department, with the exception of reductions in capital outlay line items, which requires Commission approval. The Commission must also approve transfers between departments or supplemental appropriations that increase expenditures and revenues.

Economic Conditions and Outlook

Lauderhill is a mature community of approximately 66,887 year-round residents. That number increases to over 70,000 in the winter season, from December through March, as "snowbirds," primarily retirees from the northeastern United States and Canada, flock to their second homes in Lauderhill. Lauderhill's year-round residents include approximately 14,000 retirees, who are located throughout the City.

Working residents hold a range of jobs typical of those in the South Florida economy. These include positions in retail sales and other services, especially in the medical and tourism sectors, communications, municipal and county government, construction, and financial services. The broad base of Lauderhill's economy is representative of western Broward County, which is less dependent on tourism than the beach areas to the east.

Lauderhill's property tax base is primarily residential. The City has an industrial park with many small businesses operating in warehouses under 10,000 square feet but no large

firms that comprise a significant portion of the tax base. Lauderhill's residential tax base is rather evenly divided between single-family homes and multi-family condominiums and apartments. As shown in the Statistical Section of this CAFR, the majority of largest property taxpayers in Lauderhill are apartment complexes.

The City's assessed valuation is showing an upward trend resulting in a modest increase in property taxes, which is clearly a positive trend. The number of vacant homes and apartments in Lauderhill continues to decline during the past year, thus resulting in the stabilization of utility taxes and franchise fees for electricity, water, and telecommunication collections in the current year and in our projections for 2019. In addition, our investment in our community through improvements funded by the General Obligation Bonds, the implementation of four Safe Neighborhood Districts, and the use of grant funding have resulted in the increase of property values throughout the Community.

Major Initiatives and Capital Projects

The City continued its commitment to the residents by improving roadways, water and sewer lines, providing landscaping and acquiring capital assets to assist with the development of the overall community during Fiscal Year 2018. The Lauderhill Performing Arts Center opened to the public in fiscal year 2016. The 47,585 square foot facility houses a performing arts theater, meeting and classrooms, banquet and reception facilities and Broward County Public Library. The Center accommodates events for music, theatre, dance, cinema, comedy, visual arts, education, conferences, workshop and other social gatherings. The Lauderhill Performing Arts Center has a 1200 seat theatre equipped with Proscenium stage and state-of the-art sound and lighting equipment. In Fiscal Year 2017 and 2018, the City issued General Obligation Bond for \$35,260,000 and 8,900,000 accordingly. The new capital funding from the Bond allowed the City to fund new projects including road improvements, parks and playground improvements, police body cameras, park lighting, security cameras and City's facilities improvements.

The City's main offices are located at 5581 W. Oakland Park Boulevard or on the NE corner of W. Oakland Park and Inverrary Boulevard. Our City Hall facility is a four-story facility with approximately 40,000 square feet of office and meeting space, and it features "green" or energy efficient components and is Leed Certified. As we progress the renaissance of Lauderhill, the City has made an ongoing commitment to improve the quality of life of its residents. The Central Broward Regional Park, a 110-acre multipurpose facility features sporting events such as football, soccer, basketball and netball games, as well as cricket matches. Additional park amenities include a water park, a public-art feature, and location for the Lauderhill Performing Arts Center and Broward County Library.

The Community Redevelopment Agency contribution is set by the relative tax bases of the Eastern and State Road 7 areas compared to their base year of 2005. For the Central area, the tax base has decreased below zero; as a result, no funding is allocated other than the rental income received from the commercial tenants at Renaissance Plaza. These funds are sufficient to maintain the plaza and make minimal interest payment on debt used

to purchase the plaza. The majority of East area revenue will be utilized to offset operating costs.

The City received additional funding for the State Housing Initiative Program (SHIP). These funds provide opportunities for low and moderate income participants to receive down payment assistance so they may achieve the goal of home ownership. Additionally, the SHIP grant allows residents to make critical repairs to their homes in the areas of health and safety weatherization. The program was designed to provide very low, low and moderate income families with assistance to purchase or repair homes. The Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) utilizes funding for new and existing programs including funding for economic development through the Community Redevelopment Agency commercial façade renovation program. Additionally, the City has committed to the betterment of our youths by providing funding for afterschool programs, which includes arts and cultural activities, sports programming and educational tutoring. Properties that were purchased by City through the Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP) were transferred to the Lauderhill Housing Authority. Although new funding will not be available for the Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP), any remaining funds and/or program income available at the end of the year will be re-appropriated to fiscal year 2019.

Long-term Financial Planning

Management constantly examines the strategic goals and objectives of the City of Lauderhill and implements policies that will assist in taking advantage of the opportunities that will lead the City to it's mission. The City's mission is to make the City a secure, clean, and desirable place to live, work, and visit by providing for a continually improving wide ranges of services; to encourage a community that retains and promotes employment opportunities, economic growth and improved quality of life, where people of diverse cultural backgrounds and incomes peacefully interrelate. The City utilizes long-term financial planning to identify future financial challenges and opportunities through financial forecasting and analysis, then, devise strategies based on the information to achieve financial sustainability. The goal of the annual budget and the five-year plan is to outline an operating and financing plan, which will provide for sound fiscal management through the allocation of limited resources. The capital improvement fund is dedicated to the management of capital project expenditures such as equipment, renovations and vehicle purchases. Construction costs are effectively monitored to achieve saving opportunities and outstanding qualities.

The City issued bonds, including five Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, three Utility Tax Revenue Bonds, three Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, three Stormwater Revenue Bonds, two General Obligation Bonds and three Notes Payable to continually improve capital assets and to better serve the residents of our City. The City is financially stable and strives to maintain and gradually improve its credit rating from at least two major Municipal bond credit ratings services, Moody's Investors Services and Standard and Poor's Global ratings. The most recent ratings for the City's credit obligations are as follows: A+ (Standard & Poor's) for 2013 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, AA (Standard & Poor's), A1 (Moody's) for 2016 Water and Sewer Bond, A (Standard & Poor's) and A2 (Moody's) for

Certificates of Participation (COPs), and an A+ (Standard & Poor's) Half-Cent Sales Tax Revenue Bonds. Staff continues to closely monitor the bond covenants, level of expenditures and underlying revenue streams to ensure that the City maintains its rating and its ability to issue additional debt for capital improvements. The total outstanding principal as of September 30, 2018 are \$11,260 thousand for the Sales Tax Bonds, \$5,922 thousand for Water Utility Tax Bond, \$11,350 thousand for Electric Utility Revenue Bond, \$15,045 thousand for the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, \$7,865 thousand for the Stormwater Bonds, \$63,485 thousand for the General Obligation Bonds and \$14,073 thousand for Notes Payable. Revenue bonds have been issued between 2005 and 2016 to pay for capital projects or to refund earlier bond issues in an effort to take advantage of reduced interest rates. The outstanding debt is further detailed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

In the Water and Sewer fund, capital funds are available for projects such as line rehabilitation, sewer lining, culvert cleaning and well replacement, lift station rehabilitations, automated meters for large buildings. Funding is also provided for a water line valve replacement program, maintaining water tanks, replacing various filters, and upgrading computer and security systems at the water treatment plant.

Relevant financial policies

The City implemented an investment policy to provide framework for the management of investments and guidelines for prudent investment of the City's funds. The goals of the City's investment policy and investment management function are to enhance the economic status of the City and protect its funds.

The City established a fund balance/net position policy to insure against unanticipated events that would adversely affect the financial condition of the City and jeopardize the continuation of necessary public service. This policy ensures that the City provides adequate cash flow for daily financial needs, secures and maintains investment grade bond ratings, offsets significant economic downturns and revenue shortfalls, and provides funds for unforeseen expenditures related to emergencies.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers' Association (GFOA) has awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Lauderhill for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. This is the 30th consecutive year (fiscal year ended September 30, 1988-2017) that the City has achieved this prestigious national award. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition in the area of governmental accounting and financial reporting. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City publishes an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. These reports satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and the City is submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another Certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of Karen Pottinger, Assistant Finance Director, Sean Henderson, Deputy Finance Director, Qi Pan, Assistant Comptroller and C Borders—Byrd, CPA, Contracted Internal Auditor, as well as the entire staff of the Finance and Support Services Department. Karen Pottinger has the primary responsibility for maintaining the integrity of the accounting records during the year and overseeing the preparation of this CAFR. The Finance staff also recognizes the City Commission and the City Manager for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Kennie Hobbs, Jr.

Assistant City Manager/Finance & Support Services Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

City of Lauderhill Florida

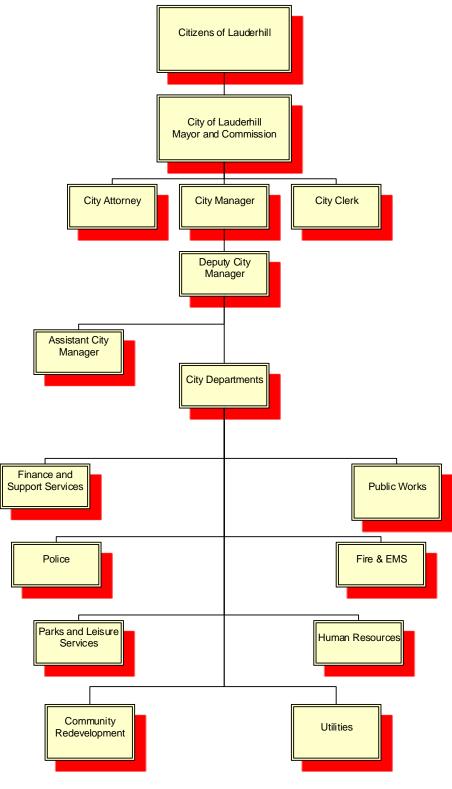
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2017

Churtopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

City of Lauderhill, Florida



City of Lauderhill, Florida

Commission/Manager Form of Government



Mayor Ken Thurston

Vice Mayor – M. Margaret Bates Commissioner – Howard Berger Commissioner – Richard Campbell Commissioner – Denise D. Grant

City of Lauderhill, Florida Appointed City Officials

City Manager Charles Faranda

Deputy City Manager Desorae Giles-Smith

Assistant City Manager/ Kennie Hobbs, Jr.

Finance & Support Services Director

City Attorney W. Earl Hall

City Clerk Andrea Anderson

Community Redevelopment Director Sean Henderson

Public Works Director Juan Martin Cala

Fire Chief Marc Celetti

Human Resources Director Revlon Fennel

Parks & Leisure Services Director Irvin Kiffin

Police Chief Constance Stanley

Utilities Director Herbert Johnson



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Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants | Florida Institute of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Lauderhill, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lauderhill, Florida ("the City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Pension Trust Funds, which represents 98.6%, 100.9% and 93.6%, respectively, of the assets, net position/fund balance, and revenues/additions of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Pension Trust Funds, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis-of-Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in the year ended September 30, 2018, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement ("GASBS") 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. As a result of the implementation of GASBS 75, the City reported a restatement for the change in accounting principle as of October 1, 2017. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule, schedule of net pension liability, schedule of contributions by employer and schedule of investment returns on pages 15-25 and pages 85-94 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, statistical section, schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional

procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hollywood, Florida March 25, 2019

S. Davis & associates, P.a.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

We, the management of the City of Lauderhill (the "City"), offer readers of the City's financial statement a narrative presentation of the City's financial performance for fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This discussion and analysis will provide an overview of the City's financial activities when read in conjunction with the transmittal letter on pages 1 through 7 and the City's financial statements, which begin on page 26.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (in thousands)

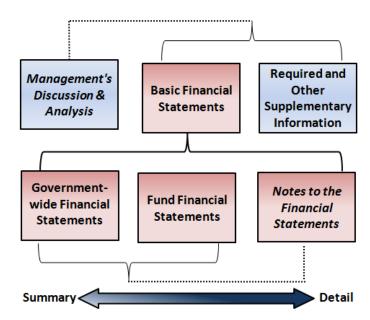
- The assets of the City of Lauderhill exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$46,782 (net position). Governmental activities unrestricted is (\$58,607) and business-type activities is \$31,970 totaling (\$26,638). Positive unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- During fiscal year 2018, the government's total net position increased by \$6,585 to \$46,782. Governmental net position increased by \$1,476 (4.76 percent) and business-type activity net position increased by \$5,110 (7.18 percent). Pension and OPEB related deferred outflow of resources primarily contributed to the increase in total governmental net position.
- During fiscal year 2018, revenues of all Governmental Funds totaled \$80,620 while expenditures (before other financing sources and uses) totaled \$91,714. As a result, Governmental revenues were \$11,094 less than Governmental Fund Expenditures. This is a result of increased capital projects and Hurricane Irma expenditures. Also, the City realized an increase in total Governmental Funds Fund Balance (net of other financing sources and uses) of \$1,236 during fiscal year 2018, due to proceeds from capital lease and General Obligation Bonds issued in 2018.
- Business-type activities yielded a net operating income of \$5,902. During fiscal year 2018, operating revenues increased by \$1,327 from fiscal year 2017, totaled \$29,839 compared to \$28,511 during 2017. The increase is primarily due to utilities rate changes and service charges. Funding will be used to improve capital assets and offset operating costs. The City continues to demonstrate strong revenues and earnings potential, which should allow for the issuance of additional debt to maintain and improve the current utility system while still maintaining sufficient funds for continued operations.
- The total operating expenditure for Governmental funds and Proprietary funds amounted to \$115,651 or \$10,979 (10.49 percent) more than fiscal year 2017. The Governmental costs increased by more than \$10,622 and Proprietary

- costs increase by \$358 during fiscal year 2018. Increase in expenditure attributed to Hurricane Irma expenditures and contractual agreements.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the General Fund reported revenues in excess of expenditures of \$6,407 before other financing sources (uses) of (\$5,765). The increase was primarily due to increased property tax revenue.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Required Components of The City of Lauderhill's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide information about the activities of the City as a whole, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Both long-term and short-term information regarding the City's finances are presented.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as useful indicators of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal period (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges (business activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, and economic and community development. The business-type activities of the City include Water and Sewer, Stormwater and Performing Arts operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 26-27 of this report.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds.</u> These funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains fifteen (15) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, community redevelopment agency fund, capital projects fund, fire protection fund and debt service fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other ten (10) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the

form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-31 of this report.

<u>Proprietary funds</u>. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. <u>Enterprise funds</u> are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses Enterprise Funds to account for its Water and Sewer, Stormwater, and Performing Arts operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer, Stormwater and Performing Arts operations, which are considered to be major funds of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 32-34 of this report.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u>. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's operations. However, the unfunded pension liabilities are reported on the government-wide financial statements. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 35-36 of this report.

<u>Notes to the financial statements.</u> The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 37 of this report.

<u>Other Information</u> In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees and budgetary comparison schedules.

Required supplementary information can be found on pages 85-94 of this report.

The combining financial statements referred to previously in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining fund statements and schedules can be found beginning on page 95 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (in thousands)

Our analysis of the financial statements of the City begins below. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City's activities that will help answer questions about the financial position and result of operations of the City. Information for both fiscal years ended 2017 and 2018 are presented for comparison purposes.

Statement of Net Position

As noted previously, net position, over time, serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The schedule below summarizes the City of Lauderhill's net position for fiscal years ended 2018 and 2017:

Net Position

			(In Thous	sands)			
	Govern	nmental	Busine	ss-type	Т	otal	
	Activ	⁄ities	Activ	vities	Government		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
		(Restated)*		(Restated)*		(Restated)*	
Current and other assets	\$56,625	\$55,398	\$36,616	\$35,946	\$93,241	\$91,344	
Capital assets	97,312	78,035	71,690	71,319	169,002	149,354	
Total assets	153,937	133,433	108,306	107,265	262,243	240,698	
Deferred outflows of resources	15,426	10,335	786	814	16,212	11,149	
Long-term debt outstanding	114,499	105,723	27,189	29,972	141,688	135,695	
Net OPEB obligation	4,082	4,215	371	383	4,453	4,598	
Net pension liability	42,014	40,416	2,707	3,825	44,721	44,241	
Other liabilities	8,993	9,276	1,521	1,721	10,514	10,997	
Total liabilities	169,588	159,630	31,788	35,901	201,376	195,531	
Deferred inflows of resources	29,296	15,135	1,001	985	30,297	16,120	
Net position (deficit)	(\$29,521)	(\$30,997)	\$76,303	\$71,193	\$46,782	\$40,196	
Net investment in capital assets	\$27,337	\$10,393	\$44,133	\$40,950	\$71,470	\$51,343	
Restricted	1,749	2,333	200	200	1,949	2,533	
Unrestricted	(58,607)	(41,067)	31,970	30,426	(26,637)	(10,641)	
Restatement adjustment , September 30,2017		(2,656)		(383)		(3,039)	
Total net position (deficit)	(\$29,521)	(\$30,997)	\$76,303	\$71,193	\$46,782	\$40,196	

^{*}Prior year amounts have been restated for the City's implementation of GASB Statement No. 75,

The City's combined net position was \$46,782 at the 2018 fiscal year end: (\$29,521) for governmental activities and \$76,303 for business-type activities. This represents an increase of \$6,586 from fiscal year 2017 net position. Pension and OPEB related deferred outflow of resources primarily contributed to the increase in total government net position.

[&]quot;Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions."

The governmental activities total net position deficit is primarily due to pension liability and OPEB liability reported on the government-wide statement as per GASB 68 and GASB 75. For governmental activities, capital assets were increased by \$19,277, restricted net position was decreased by \$584 and current and other assets were increased by \$1,227 from fiscal year 2017. Significant increase in governmental assets is due to General Obligation Bond proceeds received in 2018. Increase in capital assets primarily due to increase in capital assets spending of various GO bonds capital projects.

The use of a portion of net position is restricted and cannot be used to meet the ongoing obligations of the City. For fiscal year 2018, restricted net position equaled \$1,749 for governmental activities. Unrestricted net position of governmental activities represent (\$58,607) while business-type activities unrestricted net position are \$31,970 or 41.90 percent of total net position; positive net position can be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Investment in capital assets (such as land, buildings, and equipment) is a significant portion of the restricted assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Long-term debt outstanding has increased in the governmental activities and decreased in the enterprise activities. This is a result of the City paying down long term obligations and new debt was issued. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances of net position as it relates to the governmental and business-type activities as a whole.

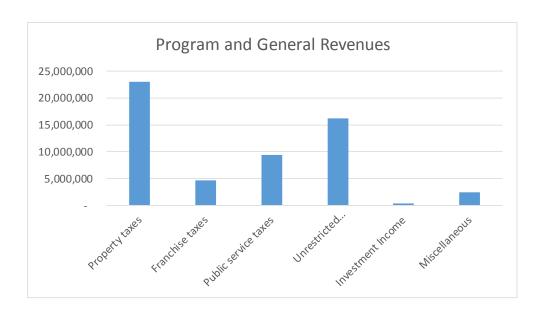
Statement of Activities

Governmental activities for the current fiscal year increased net position by \$1,476, primarily due to increase in pension and OPEB related deferred outflows of resources. Key elements of the changes in net position are presented in the schedule below and described in the following section:

		City	of Lauderh	ill, Florida			
		Cha	ange in Ne	t Position			
		(In Thousa	nds)			
	Governm <u>Activit</u>		Busines <u>Activ</u>	* '	Total <u>Government</u>		
	<u>2018</u>	2017 (Restated)*	<u>2018</u>	2017 Restated)*	<u>2018</u>	2017 (Restated)*	
Revenues:		,		,		,	
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$22,598	\$22,404	\$29,839	\$28,556	\$52,437	\$50,960	
Operating grants	2,860	2,802	-	-	2,860	2,802	
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	23,036	19,744	-	-	23,036	19,744	
Other taxes	13,927	13,552	-	-	13,927	13,552	
Other	18,854	16,449	1,543	44	20,397	16,493	
Total revenues	81,275	74,951	31,382	28,600	112,657	103,551	
±xpenses:							
General government	14,846	15,789	-	-	14,846	15,789	
Public safety	45,504	43,297	-	-	45,504	43,297	
Physical environment	2,731	3,263	-	-	2,731	3,263	
Transportation	2,857	2,691	-	-	2,857	2,691	
Recreation and social services	8,837	10,826	-	-	8,837	10,826	
Interest on long-term debt	4,124	2,719	-	-	4,124	2,719	
Water and sewer	-	-	18,070	17,534	18,070	17,534	
Stormwater	-	-	5,052	4,823	5,052	4,823	
Performing Arts			4,050	1,293	4,050	1,293	
Total expenses Increase (decrease) in net position	78,899	78,585	27,172	23,650	106,071	102,235	
before transfers	2,376	(3,634)	4,210	4,950	6,586	1,316	
Transfers		(500)	900		<u> </u>	1,310	
-	(900)			500	- 6 F96	1 216	
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,476	(4,134)	5,110	5,450	6,586	1,316	
Net position (deficit), October 1,	(30,997)	(24,207)	71,193	66,126	40,196	41,919	
Restatement adjustment, September 30, 2017	(¢20 E24)	(2,656)	¢76.202	(383)	¢46.700	(3,039)	
Net position (deficit), September 30	(\$29,521)	(\$30,997)	\$76,303	\$71,193	\$46,782	\$40,196	

^{*}Prior year amounts have been restated for the City's implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions."

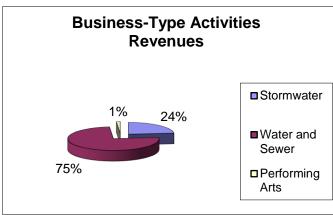
Governmental Activities



- Property taxes revenue increased in the governmental activities by \$3,292 (16.67 percent) during fiscal year 2018 compared to fiscal year 2017. This is due to the increase of millage rate from 8.6180 to 9.5364 in year 2018.
- Business-type Activities

Business-type activities for the year resulted in an increase in net position of \$5,110. Key elements of this change are as follows:

- The Stormwater Utility revenues exceeded total expenses by \$2,718
- The Water and Sewer Utility increased net position by \$4,421
- The Performing Arts change in net position was a decrease of (\$2,028).



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The City of Lauderhill uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The table below summarizes the significant changes in the fund balances of the City's governmental funds:

		nmental Funds housands)	}				
		Community					
		Redevelopment	Capital	Fire	Debt	Other	Total
	General	<u>Agency</u>	Projects	<u>Protection</u>	Service	<u>Funds</u>	Governmental
Fund balance (deficit), September 30, 2017	\$16,130	(\$1,155)	\$33,830	(\$8,530)	\$588	\$698	\$41,561
Revenues	58,090	145	4,825	15,511	-	2,049	80,620
Expenditures	(51,683)	(135)	(10,173)	(15,783)	(9,360)	(4,581)	(91,714)
Other financing sources (uses)	(5,765)	55	9,393	(115)	8,772	(10)	12,330
Fund balance (deficit), September 30, 2018	\$16,772	(\$1,090)	\$37,875	(\$8,917)	\$ -	(\$1,844)	\$42,797
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	+	(+1,000)	7 - 1010	(+-)+-/	*	(+ ,- +)	

Governmental Funds

As discussed previously, the purpose of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources relative to the City's funding requirements. Unassigned fund balances serve as the most useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$42,797 with general fund representing \$16,772, up by \$642 compared with fiscal year 2017, primarily due to the increase of property tax revenue. General fund balance of \$16,772 comprised of assigned fund balance of \$5,662, and \$6,619 unassigned fund balance at year-end.

The capital projects fund had a balance of \$37,875 at year-end, up by \$4,045 in fiscal year 2018. The primary reason for the increase is the recognition of debt proceeds from General Obligation Bond and capital lease. Funding from the General Obligation Bond will be utilized to finance various capital projects throughout the City. Funding from capital lease will be utilized to acquire and equip vehicles to be used by various City departments for municipal purposes.

The Natural Disaster fund deficit of (\$4,552) reported in other funds is the result of cost incurred due to Hurricane Irma. The majority of the total costs are reimbursable from Federal Emergency Management Agency and the State of Florida. In addition, the City

reserved \$1,319 in the general fund to offset unreimbursable costs.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City Commission approves the original budget (Adopted Budget) in September prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. The final budget (Amended Budget) reflects divisional changes made administratively and approved by the City Manager and departmental changes and supplemental appropriations approved by the City Commission during the year.

Actual General Fund revenues for fiscal year 2018 were below final budget by \$3,553. Actual expenditures for the year were approximately \$4,280 less than the final budget. The major expenditure variances between the final budget and actual in the general fund are reflected in general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation & recreation and social services, which is due to an overall decrease in spending.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2018, amounts to \$169,002 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, water distribution and sewer collection, storm drainage systems, park improvements, equipment, and street improvements, which are detailed (net of accumulated depreciation) as follows:

		tal	of Laude Assets ((In Tho	ne	t of dep		ciation)					
_	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					Total Government			
_	2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017	
Land	\$ 30,798	\$	28,344	\$	349	\$	349	\$	31,147	\$	28,693	
Building	29,071		16,232		31,563		32,666		60,634		48,898	
Machinery and equipment	4,594		2,401		1,855		1,376		6,449		3,777	
Improvements(other than buildings	24,674		26,148		23,332		21,709		48,006		47,857	
Infrastructure	3,265		3,476		14,591		15,219		17,856		18,695	
Construction-in-progress	4,910		1,434						4,910		1,434	
	\$ 97,312	\$	78,035	\$	71,690	\$	71,319	\$	169,002	\$	149,354	

The City has developed various capital improvement programs to improve the quality of life of its residents. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements on pages 62-63 of this report.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City has total long-term debt outstanding of

\$137,716. Total governmental activities debt increased net by \$7,148 as a result of General Obligation Bond issued and capital lease. Total business activities debt was decreased by \$2,783 because of scheduled payments.

				Outstan (In Thou	•	_							
	Governmental Activities				Busine Activ		•	Total Government					
		2018		2017	2018 2017				2018	8 201			
General Obligation Bonds	\$	63,485	\$	56,325	\$	-	\$	-	\$	63,485	\$	56,325	
Revenue Bonds		28,532		30,967		22,910		25,085		51,442		56,052	
State Revolving Fund		-		-		4,279		4,887		4,279		4,887	
Capital Leases		4,426		823		-		-		4,426		823	
Insurance Claim Payable		11		6		-		-		11		6	
Notes Payable		14,073		15,258		-		-		14,073		15,258	
	\$	110,527	\$	103,379	\$	27,189	\$	29,972	\$	137,716	\$	133,351	

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements on pages 65-69.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

In the fiscal year 2019 budget, General fund revenues and expenditures are budgeted to increase by \$4,103 equally, or 7.02% when compared to fiscal year 2018. General fund property taxes make up approximately 33% of general fund budgeted revenues and are projected to increase by \$2,387 or 13.25% from fiscal year 2018.

For the Water and Sewer fund, revenues and expenditures are budgeted to increase by \$3,507, or 15.80% when compared to fiscal year 2018. For the Stormwater fund, revenues and expenditures are budgeted to increase by \$7,347, or 99.84% when compared to fiscal year 2018. Canal bank stabilization project is the main reason for the increase.

Performing Art Center Fund is budgeted to increase by \$880, or 110.03% when compared to fiscal year 2018. The increase in budget is to recognize additional revenues from scheduled events and the costs related to those performances.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Lauderhill's finances for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City of Lauderhill, Finance Department, 5581 W. Oakland Park Boulevard, Suite 241 Lauderhill, Florida, 33313. Information may also be found at our website at www.lauderhill-fl.gov.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2018

ASSETS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 47,291,262	\$ 5,468,618	\$ 52,759,880
Accounts receivable - net	6,723,076	7,589,731	14,312,807
Notes receivable	6,686,327	8,611,039	15,297,366
Due from other governments	2,260,176	-	2,260,176
Internal balances	(12,773,201)	12,773,201	-
Inventories	291,920	100,256	392,176
Prepaid expenses	53,921	13,167	67,088
Restricted assets:	,-	-, -	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Equity in pooled cash and investments	_	2,059,756	2,059,756
Real estate held for investment	2,158,257	-	2,158,257
Other assets	3,933,441	_	3,933,441
Non-depreciable assets-	-,,		-,,
Land	30,797,723	349,010	31,146,733
Construction in progress	4,910,146	-	4,910,146
Depreciable assets-net	61,603,735	71,341,323	132,945,058
Total assets	153,936,783	108,306,101	262,242,884
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
OPEB	1,922,195	174,745	2,096,940
Pension	13,504,214	611,234	14,115,448
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	15,426,409	785,979	16,212,388
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,108,760	962,236	2,070,996
Accrued interest payable	1,245,736	380,594	1,626,330
Accrued payroll	1,584,175	171,242	1,755,417
Customer deposits	16,810	7,342	24,152
Unearned revenue	5,037,180	-	5,037,180
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Net OPEB obligation	4,082,127	371,102	4,453,229
Net pension liabilities	42,014,225	2,706,848	44,721,073
The amount due within one year	7,013,799	2,855,975	9,869,774
The amount due in more than one year	107,485,564	24,332,538	131,818,102
Total Liabilities	169,588,376	31,787,877	201,376,253
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
OPEB	91,573	8,325	99,898
Pension	12,712,318	624,400	13,336,718
Deferred charge	13,480,000	=	13,480,000
Deferred charge-bonds refunding	3,012,411	368,333	3,380,744
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	29,296,302	1,001,058	30,297,360
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in capital assets	27,336,888	44,133,487	71,470,375
Restricted for:	.,,-30	-,, -5.	,,-70
Renewal and replacement	-	200,000	200,000
Social services	455,118	200,000	455,118
Debt service	1,293,741	- -	1,293,741
Unrestricted	(58,607,233)	31,969,658	(26,637,575)
Total Net Position	\$ (29,521,486)	\$ 76,303,145	\$ 46,781,659

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		PROGRAM REVENUES								NSE) REVENU S IN NET POS		
	Expenses	Charges for services	ç	Operating grants and ontributions	grant	pital s and butions	G	overnmental activities	Ві	usiness-type activities		Total
Functions/programs												
Primary Government:												
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$ 14,846,736	\$ 4,896,258	\$	90,909	\$	-	\$	(9,859,569)	\$	-	\$	(9,859,569)
Public safety	45,504,305	17,459,387		634,912		-		(27,410,006)		-		(27,410,006)
Physical environment	2,731,319	-		-		-		(2,731,319)		-		(2,731,319)
Transportation	2,857,403	387		870,416		-		(1,986,600)		-		(1,986,600)
Recreation and social services	8,836,563	242,430		1,263,384		-		(7,330,749)		-		(7,330,749)
Interest on long-term debt	4,123,919			-		-		(4,123,919)				(4,123,919)
Total governmental activities	78,900,245	22,598,462		2,859,621		-		(53,442,162)		-		(53,442,162)
Business-type activities:												
Water & Sewer	18,070,485	22,399,139		-		-		-		4,328,654		4,328,654
Stormwater	5,052,192	7,029,590		-		-		-		1,977,398		1,977,398
Performing Arts	4,049,859	409,933		-		-		-		(3,639,926)		(3,639,926)
Total business-type activities	27,172,536	29,838,662		-		-		-		2,666,126		2,666,126
Total primary government	\$ 106,072,781	\$ 52,437,124	\$	2,859,621	\$	-		(53,442,162)		2,666,126	_	(50,776,036)
	General revenu											
		es, levied for gen	eral pu	rpose				23,035,744		-		23,035,744
	Franchise ta							4,566,695		-		4,566,695
	Public service							9,360,774		-		9,360,774
		lintergovernment	al					16,156,306		-		16,156,306
	Investment I							336,783		128,687		465,470
	Miscellaneo	us						2,361,062		1,415,096		3,776,158
	Transfers			_				(900,000)		900,000	_	-
	•	revenues and tra	anster	5				54,917,364	_	2,443,783		57,361,147
	J	net position						1,475,202		5,109,909		6,585,111
	ivet position (def	ficit), October 1,	as rest	ated				(30,996,688)		71,193,236		40,196,548
	Net position (def	ficit), September	30,				\$	(29,521,486)	\$	76,303,145	\$	46,781,659

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2018

MΔ		

				N	IAJOR FUNDS								
	_	General		ommunity development Agency	Capital Projects		Fire Protection	Debt :	Service		Other Nonmajor overnmental Funds	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	7,559,068	\$	133,417	\$ 37,139,491	\$	297,063	\$	_	\$	2,162,223	\$	47,291,262
Accounts receivable - net		6,422,569		35,385	-		265,122		-		-		6,723,076
Notes receivable		-		· -	_		-		-		615,470		615,470
Due from other funds		4,606,235		_	_		-		-		· -		4,606,235
Due from other governments		1,816,288		10,000	_		266,214		_		167,674		2,260,176
Inventories		291,920		-	_		200,2		_		-		291,920
Prepaids		53,921		_	_		_		_		_		53,921
Restricted assets:		00,021					_		-				00,021
Equity in pooled cash and investments		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Real estate held for investment				2,158,257			-		-				2,158,257
Other assets		2,707,009		-	771,631		433,901		-		20,900		3,933,441
Total assets	\$	23,457,010	\$	2,337,059	\$ 37,911,122	\$	1,262,300	\$	-	\$	2,966,267	\$	67,933,758
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities:													
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	1,070,286	\$	2,659	\$ 35,815	\$		\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,108,760
Accrued payroll	•	1,278,793	•	3,367	-	Ψ	302,015	Ψ.	_	•	-	•	1,584,175
Advances from other funds		-		3,421,130	_		-		_		-		3,421,130
Due to other funds				3,421,130	_		9,148,535				4,809,771		13,958,306
Customer deposits		16,810		_	_		9,140,555		-		-,003,771		16,810
Unearned revenue		4,308,668			-		728,512		-				5,037,180
				-	-		720,312		-		-		
Insurance claims payable		10,799		0.407.450		-	40.470.000				4 000 774		10,799
Total liabilities		6,685,356		3,427,156	35,815		10,179,062				4,809,771		25,137,160
Fund balances:													
Nonspendable:													
Inventories		291,920		-	-		-		-		-		291,920
Prepaids		53,921		-	_		-		-		-		53,921
Advances		2,587,768		-	_		-		-		-		2,587,768
Long term receivable		1,437,378		_	_		_		_		-		1,437,378
Restricted for:		, - ,											, - ,-
Real estate held for investment		-		2,158,257	_		-		_		-		2,158,257
Social services-community development		119,553		335,565	_				_		_		455,118
Assigned:		110,000		000,000									400,110
Capital projects		-		-	37,875,307		-		-		-		37,875,307
Natural disaster		1,318,849		-	-		-		_		-		1,318,849
Debt reserve		1,293,741		-	_		-		_		-		1,293,741
Social services:		.,,											1,200,1
Safe neighborhood		_		_	_				_		434,444		434,444
Housing		_		_	_		_		_		1,815,769		1,815,769
•											518,866		518,866
Public safety-law enforcement Employee pension		1,059,099		-	-		-		-		310,000		1,059,099
				-	-		-		-		-		
Other post retirement benefit		1,559,000		-	-		-		-		-		1,559,000
Contingencies		431,087		-	-		-		-		-		431,087
Unassigned:													
General fund		6,619,338		- ·	-		-		-		-		6,619,338
Community redevelopment agency		-		(3,583,919)	-		-		-		-		(3,583,919)
Social services-housing		-		-	-		-		-		(60,361)		(60,361)
Public safety-fire		-		-	-		(8,916,762)		-		-		(8,916,762)
Public safety-natural disaster		-		-							(4,552,222)		(4,552,222)
Total fund balances (deficit)		16,771,654	-	(1,090,097)	37,875,307		(8,916,762)				(1,843,504)		42,796,598
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	23,457,010	\$	2,337,059	\$ 37,911,122	\$	1,262,300	\$	-	\$	2,966,267	\$	67,933,758

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2018

Fund balances - total government funds

\$ 42,796,598

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

Governmental capital assets, net 97,311,604

Notes receivable 6,070,857
Dererred outflows of resources 15,426,409
Deferred inflows of resources (29,296,302)

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

2015 Sales Tax Bonds	(2,830,000)	
2010 Sales Tax Bonds	(5,605,000)	
2011-A Sales BB&T	(455,000)	
2011-B Sales BB&T	(2,370,000)	
Water Utility Tax Bonds	(5,921,500)	
2005 General Obligation Bonds	(19,860,000)	
2017 General Obligation Bonds	(34,725,000)	
2018 General Obligation Bonds	(8,900,000)	
Electric Utility Revenue Bond	(11,350,000)	
Notes payable	(14,073,026)	
Net OPEB obligation	(4,082,127)	
Net Pension Liability	(42,014,225)	
Capital Lease	(4,426,284)	
Accrued interest	(1,245,736)	
Compensated absences	(3,972,754)	(161,830,652)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ (29,521,486)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

MAJOR FUNDS

		N	MAJOR FUNDS				
	General	Community Redevelopment Agency	Capital Projects	Fire Protection	Debt Service	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$ 18,059,592	\$ -	\$ 4,595,32	6 \$ 42,494	\$ -	\$ 338,332	\$ 23,035,744
Franchise taxes	4,566,695	-	-	-	-	-	4,566,695
Public service taxes	9,360,774	-	-	. .	-	-	9,360,774
Charges for services	1,554,098	-	-	15,429,953	-	-	16,984,051
Administrative charges	8,107,649	.	-	-	-	.	8,107,649
Intergovernmental	9,623,175	10,000	-	-	-	1,659,005	11,292,180
Licenses and permits	4,377,800	-	-	38,441	-	-	4,416,241
Fines and forfeitures	779,871	-	-	-	-	28,487	808,358
Investment income	81,373	2,518	229,42	8 -	206	23,258	336,783
Rental income	563,669	73,488	-	-	-	-	637,157
Miscellaneous	1,014,965	59,120		53			1,074,138
Total revenues	58,089,661	145,126	4,824,75	4 15,510,941	206	2,049,082	80,619,770
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	14,344,617	135,016	212,85	3 -	-	-	14,692,486
Public safety	25,876,696	-	-	15,326,547	-	3,727,802	44,931,045
Physical environment	2,480,054	-	-	-	-	-	2,480,054
Transportation	2,347,223	-	-	-	-	-	2,347,223
Recreation and social services	6,634,122	-	-	-	-	827,430	7,461,552
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	-	-	-	288,361	5,467,618	-	5,755,979
Interest and issuance cost	-	-	181,51	1 16,730	3,892,664	-	4,090,905
Capital Outlay:							
Land	-	-	2,453,13	5 -	-	-	2,453,135
Improvements	-	-	3,931,99	9 62,214	-	15,055	4,009,268
Machinery & equipment			3,393,52	3 88,580		10,050	3,492,153
Total Expenditures	51,682,712	135,016	10,173,02	15,782,432	9,360,282	4,580,337	91,713,800
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	6,406,949	10,110	(5,348,26	7) (271,491)	(9,360,076)	(2,531,255)	(11,094,030)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	, ,	,	, , ,	, , ,	,	(, , ,	
Transfers in	_	836,376	144,18	g _	8,916,202	62,510	9,959,277
Transfers out	(5,764,915)	(781,556)	(3,980,61		, ,	(72,645)	(10,859,277)
Proceeds on bonds issued	(0,704,510)	(701,500)	8,900,00		(144,103)	(12,040)	8,900,000
Proceeds on lease	_		4,000,00				4,000,000
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	329,61		-	-	329,613
r remium on bonds issued							020,010
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,764,915)	54,820	9,393,18	3 (115,353)	8,772,013	(10,135)	12,329,613
Net change in fund balances	642,034	64,930	4,044,91	6 (386,844)	(588,063)	(2,541,390)	1,235,583
Fund balances (deficit) - beginning	16,129,620	(1,155,027)	33,830,39	1 (8,529,918	588,063	697,886	41,561,015
Fund balances (deficit) - ending	\$ 16,771,654	\$ (1,090,097)	\$ 37,875,30	<u>\$ (8,916,762)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (1,843,504)</u>	\$ 42,796,598

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
To the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Changes in fund balances - total government funds

\$ 1,235,583

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Expenditures for capital outlays 9,954,556
Less current year depreciation (4,192,043) 5,762,513

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Proceeds on bonds issued	(8,900,000)	
Proceeds on lease	(4,000,000)	
Premium on bonds issued	(329,613)	
Principal repayments	5,755,979	(7,473,634)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

1,950,740

Change in net position of governmental activities

1,475,202

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2018

	NESS-TYPE ACTIVIT	S-TYPE ACTIVITIES-ENTERPRISE FUNDS			
ASSETS	Water & Sewer	Stormwater	Performing Arts	Total	
Current assets:					
Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 2,272,313	\$ 3,195,074	\$ 1,231	\$ 5,468,618	
Accounts receivable - net	7,200,614	94,289	294,828	7,589,731	
Advances to other funds	3,421,130	-	-	3,421,130	
Notes Receivable	8,611,039	-	-	8,611,039	
Due from other funds	4,500,832	4,956,435	-	9,457,267	
Inventories	93,707	, , , <u>-</u>	6.549	100,256	
Prepaid	417		12,750	13,167	
Total current assets	26,100,052	8,245,798	315,358	34,661,208	
Non-current assets: Restricted Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and investments Capital assets:	1,946,630	113,126	-	2,059,756	
Land	349,010	-	-	349,010	
Buildings	30,446,303	2,081,643	17,615,467	50,143,413	
Improvements other than building	14,122,001	25,514,604	28,000	39,664,605	
Machinery and equipment	3,722,491	1,757,892	156,903	5,637,286	
Infrastructure	15,397,477	10,301,969	-	25,699,446	
Less accumulated depreciation	(32,575,830)	(16,271,248)	(956,349)	(49,803,427)	
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	31,461,452	23,384,860	16,844,021	71,690,333	
Total non-current assets	33,408,082	23,497,986	16,844,021	73,750,089	
Total Assets	59,508,134	31,743,784	17,159,379	108,411,297	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
OPEB	440.040	44 440	45 440	174.745	
Pension	118,210 426,071	41,116 127,869	15,419	611,234	
	544,281	168,985	57,294 72,713	785,979	
Total Deferred outflows of Resources	344,201	100,903	12,113		
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	905,859	38,356	18,021	962,236	
Accrued payroll	124,548	25,210	21,484	171,242	
Accrued interest payable	241,922	138,672	-	380,594	
Bonds payable - current portion	1,530,000	700,000	-	2,230,000	
Loans payable-current portion	16,085	609,890	-	625,975	
Due to other funds	-	-	105,196	105,196	
Deposits	6,013	-	1,329	7,342	
Total current liabilities	2,824,427	1,512,128	146,030	4,482,585	
Non-current liabilities:					
Net OPEB obligation	251,040	87,318	32,744	371,102	
Net pension liabilities	1.886.854	566.269	253.725	2,706,848	
Bonds payable - noncurrent	13,515,000	7,165,000	200,720	20,680,000	
Loans payable-noncurrent	221,579	3,430,959	_	3,652,538	
Total noncurrent liabilities	15,874,473	11,249,546	286,469	27,410,488	
Total Liabilities	18,698,900	12,761,674	432,499	31,893,073	
rotal Elabilities	,000,000	.2,101,011	102, 100	<u> </u>	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
OPEB	5,632	1,958	735	8,325	
Pension	435,248	130,624	58,528	624,400	
		130,024	30,320		
Deferred charge-bonds refunding	368,333			368,333	
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	809,213	132,582	59,263	1,001,058	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	15,810,455	11,479,011	16,844,021	44,133,487	
Restricted for: Renewal and replacement	200,000	_	=	200,000	
•		7 520 500	(402 604)		
Unrestricted	24,533,847	7,539,502	(103,691)	31,969,658	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

40,544,302 \$ 19,018,513 \$ 16,740,330 \$

76,303,145

Total Net Position

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES-ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES-ENTERPRISE FUNDS							
	W	ater & Sewer	;	Stormwater	Per	forming Arts		Total
OPERATING REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	22,161,130	\$	7,029,590	\$	196,381	\$	29,387,101
Connection fees		238,009		=		-		238,009
Rental income		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		213,552		213,552
Total Operating Revenues		22,399,139		7,029,590		409,933		29,838,662
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Personal services		3,470,018		1,313,729		506,181		5,289,928
Administrative expenses		4,780,625		1,029,422		122,591		5,932,638
Contractual services		5,674,977		691,620		303,432		6,670,029
Utilities		387,127		52,541		87,638		527,306
Repairs and maintenance		319,982		146,010		63,743		529,735
Materials and supplies		704,304		235,686		38,589		978,579
Depreciation and amortization		2,280,436		1,256,196		472,019		4,008,651
Total Operating Expenses		17,617,469		4,725,204	_	1,594,193		23,936,866
Operating income (loss)		4,781,670		2,304,386		(1,184,260)		5,901,796
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment income		70,985		52,270		5,432		128,687
Other income		220,991		887,879		306,226		1,415,096
Interest expense and fees		(453,016)		(326,988)				(780,004)
Other expense		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		(2,455,666)		(2,455,666)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(161,040)		613,161		(2,144,008)		(1,691,887)
Transfer in		-		-		1,300,000		1,300,000
Transfer out		(200,000)		(200,000)		<u> </u>		(400,000)
Change in net position		4,420,630		2,717,547		(2,028,268)		5,109,909
NET POSITION, OCTOBER 1, as restated		36,123,672		16,300,966		18,768,598		71,193,236
INET FOSITION, OCTOBER 1, as restated		30,123,072		10,300,300	_	10,700,330		11,193,230
NET POSITION, SEPTEMBER 30	\$	40,544,302	\$	19,018,513	\$	16,740,330	\$	76,303,145

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS

		ENTERP	RISE FUNDS	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Water & Sewer	Stormwater	Performing Arts	TOTAL
Cash received from customers, other government and users	\$ 21,803,216	\$ 6,991,746	\$ 448,059	\$ 29,243,021
Payments for interfund activities	(4,780,625)	(1,029,422)	(122,591)	(5,932,638)
Cash paid to suppliers	(7,309,027)	(1,087,501)	(480,643)	(8,877,171)
Cash paid to employees	(3,449,161)	(1,366,522)	(494,314)	(5,309,997)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	6,264,403	3,508,301	(649,489)	9,123,215
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfer from other funds	-	(1,319,034)	1,705,196	386,162
Transfer to other funds	(1,088,566)	-	-	(1,088,566)
Other receipts	1,285	13,325	-	14,610
Other payments	(4.007.004)	(4.005.700)	(2,113,149)	(2,113,149)
Net Cash Provided by noncapital and related financing activities	(1,087,281)	(1,305,709)	(407,953)	(2,800,943)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(3,504,446)	(844,626)	(30,940)	(4,380,012)
Principal retirements of long-term debt	(1,505,669)	(1,277,724)	-	(2,783,393)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(483,161)	(340,433)		(823,594)
Net Cash Provided (used) by Capital	(5.400.070)	(0.400.700)	(00.040)	(7.000.000)
and Related Financing Activities	(5,493,276)	(2,462,783)	(30,940)	(7,986,999)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest on investments	70,985	52,270	5,432	128,687
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	70,985	52,270	5,432	128,687
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(245,169)	(207,921)	(1,082,950)	(1,536,040)
POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, OCTOBER 1	4,464,112	3,516,121	1,084,181	9,064,414
·		<u> </u>		
POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, SEPTEMBER 30	\$ 4,218,943	\$ 3,308,200	<u>\$ 1,231</u>	\$ 7,528,374
POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS PER STATEMENT OF NET POSITION				
Unrestricted	\$ 2,272,313	\$ 3,195,074	\$ 1,231	\$ 5,468,618
Restricted	1,946,630	113,126		2,059,756
TOTAL,SEPTEMBER 30	\$ 4,218,943	\$ 3,308,200	\$ 1,231	\$ 7,528,374
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating Income	\$ 4,781,670	\$ 2,304,386	\$ (1,184,260)	\$ 5,901,796
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net Cash provided by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	2,280,436	1,256,196	472,019	4,008,651
Change in Assets and Liabilities:	(004 000)	(07.044)	(004.000)	(004 000)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable-net (Increase) decrease due from other governments	(601,936)	(37,844)	(294,828) 344,375	(934,608) 344,375
(Increase) decrease due from other governments (Increase) decrease in inventories	(11,398)	_	9,100	(2,298)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	2,288	_	(12,750)	(10,462)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposit	6,013	_	1,329	7,342
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expense	,	38,356	3,659	(169,224)
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll	18,569	(52,793)	11,867	(22,357)
Total adjustments	1,482,733	1,203,915	534,771	3,221,419
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 6,264,403	\$ 3,508,301	\$ (649,489)	\$ 9,123,215
Cabadula of non each capital and related financing activities				
Schedule of non-cash capital and related financing activities Capital contribution-grant	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Capital Contribution by ant	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2018

	Pension Tru Funds	
ASSETS		
Cash and short-term investments Receivables:	\$	4,023,322
		121 FEO
Accrued investment income		131,550
Interest and dividends		39,091
Receivable for securities sold		52,369
Accrued interest due from Lauderhill Housing Authority		38,875
Contributions		71,323
Total Receivables		333,208
Investments, at fair value		
Fixed income mutual funds		20,125,001
Equity securities		35,553,350
U.S. Government securities		5,132,150
Corporate bonds		7,881,465
Commingled equity funds		19,628,033
Collective trust fund Absolute return equity funds		1,435,569 33,751,918
Domestic equity funds		37,848,617
International equity funds		19,407,876
Notes receivable		3,400,000
Real estate funds		23,141,257
Farmland investment fund		2,032,174
Investments, at fair value		209,337,410
Total Assets		213,693,940
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		168,533
Payable for securities purchased		80,354
Prepaid City contributions		118,588
Total Liabilities		367,475
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS		
Net position restricted for Deferred Retirement Option		
Plan Benefits		983,421
Net position restricted for Supplemental Plan benefits		571,401
Net position restricted for Defined Benefits		211,771,643
Total Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$	213,326,465

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Po	ension Trust Funds
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
City	\$	9,616,360
Plan members		3,017,849
State revenue		811,389
Total contributions		13,445,598
Investment income:		
Net appreciation in fair value		
of investments		11,398,553
Interest and dividend income		5,984,531
Total investment income		17,383,084
Less: Investment expenses		746,800
Net investment income		16,636,284
Other income		88,740
Total additions		30,170,622
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits paid		11,604,203
Administrative expenses		419,751
Refunds of contributions		389,920
Total deductions		12,413,874
Net increase		17,756,748
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS		
Net position restricted for pensions, October 1		195,569,717
Net position restricted for pensions, September 30	\$	213,326,465

NOTE 1 -SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES

A. Financial reporting entity

The City of Lauderhill, Florida (the "City") is located in Broward County, Florida and is a municipal corporation that was incorporated in 1959 pursuant to the Laws of Florida 59-1487. The City is governed by a five-member commission with an elected Mayor. The City Commission is responsible for the appointment of the City Manager, who is charged with overseeing the operations of the City. The City provides the following services pursuant to the City Charter: general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, social services, and community development.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The significant accounting and reporting policies and practices used by the City are described below.

The definition of the financial reporting entity is based upon the concept that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. One of the objectives of financial reporting is to provide users of financial statements with a basis for assessing the accountability of the elected officials. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The City is financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's board and it is able to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits, or impose specific financial burdens on the City. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations.

As of September 30, 2018, the City had two entities, Community Redevelopment Agency and Windermere/Tree Gardens Safe Neighborhood Improvement District, which met these requirements.

Blended component units

Lauderhill Community Redevelopment Agency – In 2005, the Lauderhill Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) was created for the purpose of revitalizing and enhancing the City of Lauderhill, through infrastructure improvements and targeted acquisition and rehabilitation of deteriorated properties. The Mayor and City Commissioners are all members of the CRA Board and responsible for approving the budget. Therefore, the City is financially accountable for the CRA. The financial activities of the CRA are reported in the City's financial statements as a *Special Revenue Fund*. CRA fund was specifically evaluated relative to Florida Statutes Chapter 163.387.

Habitat II, Isle of Inverrary and Manor of Inverrary Safe Neighborhood Improvement Districts - In 2011. Windermere/Tree Gardens Safe Neighborhood Improvement District - In 2009. These Safe Neighborhood Improvement Special Districts were created to promote the health, safety and general welfare of its residents, visitors, property owners and workers. The Mayor and City Commissioners are members of the board of directors and responsible for overseeing the Special Districts. Therefore, the City is financially accountable for the Safe Neighborhood Improvement District. The financial statements of all four Safe Neighborhood Improvement Districts have been included within the City's reporting entity as the Safe Neighborhoods Special Revenue Fund.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the City as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information. *The government-wide financial statements* (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which are normally supported by taxes and

intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. General revenues consist of taxes and other items, not included among program revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported in the same manner. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash-flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the funding agency have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers receivables collected within 60 days after year-end to be available and recognizes them as revenues of the current year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual, and therefore, have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items

are considered to be measurable and are available only when the City receives cash.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA), which is reported as a Special Revenue Fund, is a component unit blended in the City financial statements. It accounts for the resources accumulated for infrastructure improvement and rehabilitation of deteriorated properties within the City's boundary. The Agency is funded by Tax Increment Financing (TIF) since base year 2005 and property rental income.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the resources accumulated for the completion of the five-year capital budget.

The *Fire Protection Fund* accounts for all financial resources and is the operating fund for the Fire Department.

The *Debt Service Fund* reserves resources to honor short and long-term debt obligation payments.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the provision of potable water to residents and the corresponding sewage disposal, which is processed by Broward County. The City operates the water treatment facility, water distribution system, sewage transportation pipelines, and sewage pumping stations.

The Stormwater Fund accounts for the infrastructure and operations of stormwater transportation, which is funded through user charges.

The *Performing Arts Center Fund* accounts for revenues and expenses of the cultural center, which provides a wide variety of entertainment, including visual arts and enrichment events, for which a significant portion will be financed through user charges. The City of Lauderhill operates and budgets for the Performing Arts Center and Broward County is fiscally responsible for the Library which is adjacent to the Performing Arts Center.

Additionally, the City reports the *Pension Trust Funds* account for the activities of the General Employee Retirement System, the Firefighter Retirement System, the Police Retirement System, and the Confidential and Managerial Retirement System. These funds accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees. The Pension Trust Funds are classified as Fiduciary Funds in the City's Financial Statements.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer fund, of the Stormwater fund, and of the Performing Arts Center fund are charges to customers for sales and services.

The Water and Sewer fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Accountability and compliance

The City of Lauderhill utilized fund balance as a source of funds for the General Fund budget for the year ended September 30, 2018. The City budgeted and utilized the following amounts:

	Original Budget	Additional Appropriations	Final Budget
General government	\$ 13,924,707	\$ 2,107,349	\$ 16,032,056
Public safety	24,402,588	1,984,799	26,387,387
Physical environment	4,135,544	(1,119,670)	3,015,874
Transportation	3,125,703	(223,887)	2,901,816
Recreation and social services	7,566,808	58,557	7,625,365
Total	\$ 53,155,350	\$ 2,807,148	\$ 55,962,498

On September 26, 2018 The City Commission passed a resolution approving a supplemental appropriation of additional revenues and expenditures to balance the fiscal year 2018 budget.

The Community Redevelopment Agency fund, Fire Protection fund, Natural Disaster fund and Home Grant fund had deficit fund balances of \$1,090,097, \$8,916,762, \$4,552,222 and \$60,361, respectively as of September 30, 2018. The funds increased expenditures to acquire real property for sale or redevelopment, pay reimbursable expenditures for Hurricane Irma and home buyer assistants and other operating expenditures. The City plans to use the proceeds of tax revenue, reimbursement from federal and county funds and service charges to eliminate the deficits.

The City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2010. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The City passed resolution No. 11R-06-99 to authorize the assignment of fund balance.

The definition of each classification is a follows:

Non-spendable - Amounts not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This includes inventories, long term loans and notes receivables, property acquired for sales and prepaid amounts.

Restricted - Amounts restricted for specific purposes by external parties such as creditors, laws or regulator of other governments or by law thorough constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts can be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City's code of Ordinances which can only be established, modified

or rescind through the passage of ordinances by the City Commission, the City's highest level of decision making authority.

Assigned – Amounts that are neither restricted nor committed; however, funds are constrained for specific purposes. Either the City Manager or his designee has the authority to assign amounts to specific purpose. Assigned funds cannot cause a deficit in unassigned fund balance.

Unassigned - Fund balance that are not restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes. All funds in this category provide the resources necessary to meet unexpected expenditures and revenue shortfall. The General fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first. Additionally, the City would first use committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds when an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance available.

E. New Pronouncements

Implemented

The City adopted GASB Statement No.75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decisionuseful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. The adoption of statement No. 75 has a material impact on the financial position or results of operation of the City. See note F.11.

The City adopted GASB Statement No. 81,"Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements." The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. Split-interest agreements are a type of giving agreement used by donors to provide resources to two or more beneficiaries, including governments. This Statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. This Statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period. The adoption of statement No. 81 did not have a material impact on the financial position or results of operation of the City.

The City adopted GASB Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73." The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statement No. 67, No 68, and No. 73. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumption and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee contribution requirement. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016. The adoption of statement No. 82 did not have a material impact on the financial position or results of operation of the City.

The City adopted GASB Statement No. 85, "Omnibus 2017." The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]). The adoption of statement No. 85 did not have a material impact on the financial position or results of operation of the City.

The City adopted GASB Statement No. 86, "Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues." The primary objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources-resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt-are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also

improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The adoption of statement No. 86 did not have a material impact on the financial position or results of operation of the City.

Not Yet Implemented

In November 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 83, "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations." This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligation to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. This Statement requires the measurement of an ARO to be based on the best estimate of the current value of outlays expected to be incurred. This Statement requires the current value of a government's AROs to be adjusted for the effects of general inflation or deflation at least annually. The requirement of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities." The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement established criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, "Leases." The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

In March 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements." The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

The City is currently evaluating the impact, if any, of implementation of the provisions of these GASB statements on the financial position or results of operations.

F. Assets, liabilities and net position or equity

1. Cash and investments

The City's equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, demand deposits, investments with the State Board of Administration (SBA) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Resources of all funds, with the exception of the pension trust funds, and certain other cash and investment accounts, have been combined into a pooled cash and investment system for the purpose of maximizing earnings. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly based upon equity of the respective funds.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary fund types, cash and cash equivalent mean short term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

State statutes authorize the City to establish its own investment policy by ordinance. The investment ordinance allows up to 100% investment in the following instruments, subject to maturity limitations: local government surplus trust fund (SBA), Securities and Exchange Commission (S.E.C.) registered money market funds with the highest quality rating from a nationally recognized rating company, savings accounts and certificates of deposit in state-certified qualified public depositories, direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury, and securities issued by federal agencies and instrumentalities. Up to 10% may be invested in common stocks, subject to quality restrictions.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Accounts receivable allowances are based on historical trends.

3. Property taxes

Property values are assessed as of January 1, of each year, at which time taxes becomes an enforceable lien on property. Tax bills are mailed for the City, by Broward County, on or about October 1 of each year, and are payable with discounts of up to 4% offered for early payment. Taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment and State law provides for enforcement of collection of property taxes by seizure of the personal property or by the sale of interest-bearing tax certificates to satisfy unpaid property taxes.

Assessed values are established by the Broward County Property Appraiser. In November 1992, a Florida constitutional amendment was approved by the voters which provides for limiting the increases in homestead property valuation for Ad Valorem Tax purposes to a maximum of 3% annually and also provides for reassessment of market values upon changes in ownership. The County bills and collects all property taxes and remits them to the City. Procedures for the collection of delinquent taxes by Broward County are provided for in the Laws of Florida. There were no material delinquent property taxes at September 30, 2018.

State statutes permit municipalities to levy property taxes at a rate up to 10 mills (\$10 per \$1,000 of assessed taxable valuation). The tax levy of the City is established by the City Commission and the Broward County Property Appraiser incorporated the City's millage into the total tax levy, which includes the County and the County School Board tax requirements. The operating and voted debt service millage rates assessed by the City for the year ended September 30, 2018 are 7.5898 and 1.9466 respectively per \$1,000 of taxable assessed valuation.

4. Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed. The City utilizes the consumption method for inventory, expenditures are recognized when inventory items are used rather than purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

5. Restricted assets

Certain proceeds from revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in a separate investment accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The "bond reserve account" is a separate brokerage account where securities have been purchased in lieu of surety bonds to subsidize potential deficiencies of revenues pledged for debt service. The "revenue bond renewal and replacement" account is used to report resources set aside to meet unexpected contingencies or to fund asset renewals and replacements. The various reserve accounts have been recorded on the balance sheets of the applicable funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is City policy to use unrestricted resources first, and then restricted resources as needed.

6. Capital assets

Capital assets - property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Purchased or constructed assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement should be reported at acquisition value.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Building	40
Improvements	20
Public domain infrastructure	40
System infrastructure	40
Vehicles	5
Office equipment	5
Computer equipment	5

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

The Statement of Net Position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources and the items reported in this category is the deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plans and OPEB.

The Statement of Net Position also includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources and the items reported in this category are the deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plans, OPEB and the deferred charge related to bonds refunding.

8. Compensated absences

It is City policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. An employee may, on an annual basis, or upon termination, cash in a portion of these unused benefits at a discount. Vacation and sick pay benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts as a result of employee resignation or retirement is reported in governmental funds.

9. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future, they may ultimately differ from actual results.

11. Restatements

The net position of Government and Business-type for fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 were restated due to the implementation of GASB 75. The net OPEB liability is reported as a restatement of beginning net position in the period GASB 75 is implemented. The details of the adjustments are as follows:

al
35,339
88,791)
96,548
7,791
59,000
88,791
9

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City, for accounting and investment purposes, maintains a cash and investment pool for use by all City funds. This gives the City the ability to invest large amount of idle cash for short periods of time and to maximize earning potential. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net position / combining balance sheet as cash and equity in pooled cash and investments. Income earned on pooled

cash and investments is allocated to the respective funds based on average daily balances.

Cash Deposits

The carrying amounts of the City's cash deposits were \$43,608,668. including petty cash on hand of \$5,600 as of September 30, 2018; the total of which is collateralized or insured with securities held by the City or by its agent in the name of the City as discussed below.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. All of the City's deposits are entirely insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized by the multiple financial institution collateral pool pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, and "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act". Under this Act, all qualified public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral. Public deposits are protected by deposit insurance, sale of securities pledged as collateral, and assessments made to other public depositories when needed to guarantee no loss will be incurred by the public depositor.

Investments

Under the provisions of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with Florida Statutes, the following investments were authorized:

	Maximum %
	<u>Portfolio</u>
State Board of Administration	100%
Money Market Funds	100%
Certificate of Deposits	100%
U.S. Treasury Securities	100%
U.S. Government Obligations and Instrumentalities	100%
Lauderhill Loan Consortium	\$60,000
Commercial Papers by any U.S. Corporation	10%
Option Contracts	10%

The City reports its investments according to the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application" by categorizing its investments according to the fair value hierarchy established by this Statement. The hierarchy is based on the valuation input used to measure the fair value of the asset with Level 1 assets being those where quoted prices in an active market for identical assets can be readily obtained, Level 2 assets valued using a matrix pricing technique of quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, and Level 3 assets valued using unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no

market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. As of September 30, 2018, the City had the following investments and maturities:

	Credit Quality Ratings	<u>Fair Value</u>	Weighted Avg. Maturity (Years)	<u>Fair Market</u> <u>Measurement</u> <u>Level 1</u>
Money Market Funds SBA	Not Rated Not Rated	\$ 357,681 10,222,369	- -	\$ 357,681 10,222,369
US Government Securities	Aaa/AA+	298,857 \$ 10,878,907	0.21	298,857 \$ 10,878,907

Interest Rate Risk In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to decline in fair value by limiting its investment portfolio to less than four (4) years.

Credit Risk Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. State limits investments in commercial papers and corporate bonds to the highest credit rating from a nationally recognized rating agency. It is the City's policy to keep ninety (90) percent of the total portfolio in low risk investments such as US Treasury obligations that are diversified by purchase date and maturity dates while remaining ten (10) percent may be invested to high risk investments such as common stocks rated in one (1) of the top three (3) investment categories by a major rating service.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The investment policy of the City contains no limitation on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stated above. Investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or more of the total City investments are as follows:

<u>Issuer</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>%</u>
SBA	Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund \$	10,222,369	93.97

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk for investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The City's investment policy provided that securities may be held in street name in an account under the name of the City at the primary dealer where the securities was purchased provided that the total value of the account is insured and a monthly account statement evidencing all holdings is sent to the City by the dealer.

The Employee Pension Plan investments are held separately from those of other City funds. As described by the plan documents, the plan administrator is authorized to invest plan assets in obligations of the U.S. Government and various mutual and money market funds, which are held by the plan administrators and not in the City's name. The plan investments are held by Fifth Third Bank, Regions Bank and Fiduciary Trust which consisted of the following:

Investment type	l Employee ment Plan	refighter ement Plan	e Officer ement Plan	anagerial ement Plan
Fixed income mutual funds	\$ 4,904	\$ _	\$ 8,576	\$ 6,645
Equity securities	-	35,553	-	· -
U.S.Government securities	_	5,132	-	-
Corporate bonds	-	7,882	-	-
Commingled equity funds	-	19,628	-	-
Collective trust fund	_	1,436	-	-
Absolute return equity funds	2,642	-	31,111	-
Domestic equity funds	13,968	-	7,044	16,836
International equities	4,240	-	10,081	5,087
Notes receivable	-	1,000	2,000	400
Real estate funds	850	11,098	11,193	-
Farmland investment fund	 -	2,032	· -	
	\$ 26,604	\$ 83,761	\$ 70,005	\$ 28,968

General Employee Retirement System (GERS)

The Board determines the Plan's investment policy. The policy has been designed by the Board to maximize the Plan's asset value, while assuming a risk that is consistent with the Board's risk tolerance. As is prudent, the Board has adopted a policy to diversify investment risk among several institutionally acceptable asset classes including equity securities, fixed income securities and mutual funds.

The Plan reports its investments according to the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application" by categorizing its investments according to the fair value hierarchy established by this Statement.

The following table summarizes the Plan's investments within the fair value hierarchy at September 30, 2018:

		Fair Value	 Level 2		Level 3
Mortgage loan receivable	\$ 850,000		\$ -	\$	850,000
Fixed income mutual funds		4,904,385	4,904,385		-
Absolute return mutual funds	2,641,380		2,641,380		-
Domestic equity mutual funds		13,967,795	13,967,795		-
International mutual funds	4,240,354		 4,240,354		-
	\$	26,603,914	\$ 25,753,914	\$	850,000

Interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment in debt securities. The investment policy of the Plan limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Information as to the maturities of the Plan's fixed income portfolio is as follows:

Years	Fair Value
Less than 1 year	\$ 98,977
1 to 5 Years	2,014,977
6 to 10 Years	2,675,518
11 to 15 Years	(78 <i>,</i> 822)
16 to 20 Years	(2,129)
20 to 2 5 Years	72,993
Over 25 Years	 122,871
	\$ 4,904,385

Credit risk. Credit risk is generally the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The plan's investment policy utilizes portfolio diversification in order to control this risk.

Credit Risk	ſ	air Value						
AAA	\$	1,830,205						
AA		270,201						
Α		184,945						
BAA		806,080						
BB		862,514						
B and lower	950,440							
	\$	4,904,385						

As of September 30, 2018, the plan was in compliance with the established guidelines.

Custodial Credit Risk. The Plan does not have any investment in the possession of counterparties. All are held by the master custodian under the Plan's name.

Concentration of credit risk. The plan's investment policy places investment limitations and provides target allocations to its investment managers to limit credit risk due to

concentration. Equity and fixed income securities are also limited to no more than 5% in one single issuer. There were no single investments greater than 5% of net position as of September 30, 2018.

Foreign currency risk. The Plan's exposure to foreign currency risk derives mainly from its investments in international equity mutual funds. The Plan's exposure to foreign currency risk related to foreign equity funds are \$4,240,354.

Firefighter Retirement System (FRS)

The plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the Plan. The investment policy statement was last amended on November 15, 2017 with revisions adopted January 2018. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2018:

	Target
Type of Investment	<u> Allocation</u>
Domestic equity	35%-65%
International equity	0%-20%
Fixed income	10%-30%
Real assets	0%-20%
Cash equivalents	Minimal

The Plan reports its investments according to the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application" by categorizing its investments according to the fair value hierarchy established by this Statement.

The following table summarizes the valuation of the Plan's investments in accordance with the above mentioned fair value hierarchy levels as of September 30:

	Fair Value Measurements using										
		9/30/2018		Level 1		Level 2					
Investment by fair value level											
Equity securities:											
Common stocks	\$	31,621,726	\$	31,621,726	\$	-					
REIT		865,472		865,472		-					
Equity mutual funds		3,066,152		3,066,152		_					
Total equity securities		35,553,350		35,553,350		_					
Debt securities:											
U.S. treasury securities		1,005,138		232,789		772,349					
U.S. agency securities		4,127,012		-		4,127,012					
Corporate bonds		7,881,465		-		7,881,465					
Total debt securities		13,013,615		232,789		12,780,826					
Total investments by fair value level	\$	48,566,965	\$	35,786,139	\$	12,780,826					
Investmens measured at the net asset value	("NA	·V")									
Commingled equity funds		19,628,033									
Collective trust fund		1,435,569									
Real estate funds		11,098,389									
Farmland investment fund		2,032,174									
Total investments measured at the NAV		34,194,165	_								
Money market funds (exempt)		2,200,170	_								
Total investment	\$	84,961,300	=								

Interest rate risk. As a mean of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the plan diversifies its investment with any one issuer with various durations of maturities.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair value of the Plan's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the Plan's investment by maturity as of September 30, 2018.

					Amo	unts in Thoเ	ısands			
		Fair	Less		4	F Vooro	6.4	0. Vooro		More than
In the state and there a		<u>Value</u>	<u>1 Y</u>	<u>ear</u>	1-3	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>6-1</u>	0 Years		10 Years
Investment type	•		•		•		•		•	
Corporate Bonds	\$	7,882	\$	-	\$	3,021	\$	3,046	\$	1,815
U.S. agency securites		4,127		-		8		86		4,033
U.S. treasury securites		1,005		-		54		179		772
Total	\$	13,014	\$	-	\$	3,083	\$	3,311	\$	6,620

Credit risk. The plan's investment policy utilizes portfolio diversification in order to control this risk. This risk is generally measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

The following table discloses credit ratings by investment type, at September 30, 2018 as applicable:

	Fair Valu	e In Thousands
Rating		
AAĀ	\$	213
AA		459
A		2,585
BBB		4,328
N/R U.S govt. securities		5,429
Total fixed income securities	\$	13,014

^{*}Obligation of the US government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the US government are not considered to have credit risk and do not have purchase limitations.

Concentration of credit risk. The investment policy of the plan contains limitation on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer as well as maximum portfolio allocation percentages. There were no individual investments that represent 5% or more of combined plan net position at September 30, 2018.

Custodial credit risk. Consistent with the plan's investment policy, the investments are held by Plan's custodial bank and registered in the Plan's name.

Police Retirement System (PRS)

The Plan's investment policy is determined by the Board of Trustees. The investment policy provided for the following guidelines: (a) investment in all equity securities shall be limited to those listed on a major US stock exchange and limited to no more than 75% (at market) of the Plan's total portfolio. No more than 5% of the portfolio may be invested in the shares of a single corporate issuer at cost. Investment in foreign securities shall be limited to 25% (at market) of the Plan's total portfolio; (b) the corporate fixed income portfolio shall be comprised of securities rated not less than "BBB" by a major rating service. Those securities rated below "BBB" shall not exceed 15% of the entire fixed income portfolio. (c) investments in collateralized mortgage obligation should be limited to 15% of the market value of the investment managers' total fixed income portfolio.

The Plan reports its investments according to the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application" by categorizing its investments according to the fair value hierarchy established by this Statement.

As of September 30, 2018, the Plan's investments were all categorizes as follows:

Januari de Sain Value Laval	Sep	tember 30, 2018		Level 1		Level 2	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Investment by Fair Value Level Debt Securities:							
Corporate Bond Fund	\$	8,575,907	Ś		Ś	8,575,907	
Notes receivable	Ą	2,000,000	٦	_	Ą	2,000,000	4
Total debt securities		10,575,907				10,575,907	4
Total debt securities		10,373,907				10,373,907	
Equity Securities:							
Common and Preferred Stock		7,044,417		7,044,417		-	_
Equity Mutual Funds		41,191,638		-		41,191,638	-
Total equity securities		48,236,055		7,044,417		41,191,638	
Total investments by fair value level		58,811,962		7,044,417		51,767,545	-
Investmens measured at the net asset va	lue ("I	NAV")					
Real Eatate Funds	\$	11,192,868					
Total investments measured at	-						
the NAV		11,192,868					
Total investments measured at	•						
fair value		70,004,830					
Cash and cash equivalents		1,302,152					
Total cash, cash equivalents and							
investments	\$	71,306,982					

Interest rate risk. As a mean of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the Plan diversifies its investment by security type and institution, and limits holdings in anyone type of investment with any one issuer with various durations of maturities.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Plan's investment to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the plan's investment by maturity at September 30, 2018:

				Α	mour	nts in Thous	ands				
	Investment Maturities (in Years)										
	Fair	L	_ess than						More than		
Investment type		<u>Value</u> <u>1 Year</u>				-5 Years		10 Years			
Bond funds	\$	8,576	\$	110	\$	3,565	\$	4,340	\$	560	
Total	\$	8,576	\$	110	\$	3,565	\$	4,340	\$	560	

Credit risk. The Plan's investment policy utilizes diversification in order to control this risk. The following table discloses credit ratings by investment type at September 30, 2018 as applicable:

	nousands i <u>r Value</u>	Percentage of Portfolio
Quality rating of credit risk debt securities		
AAA	\$ 3,408	40.0%
AA	427	5.0%
A	863	10.0%
BBB	2,425	28.0%
BB	621	7.0%
В	530	6.0%
Below B	302	4.0%
Total credit risk debt securities	\$ 8,576	100%

Concentration of credit risk. The investment policy of the plan contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer as well as maximum portfolio allocation percentages. There were no individual investments that represent 5% or more of fiduciary net position at September 30, 2018.

Foreign Currency Risk. The Plan's exposure to foreign currency risk derives mainly from its investments in international equity mutual funds. The Plan's exposure to foreign currency risk related to foreign equity funds are \$10,081,100 as of September 30, 2018.

Custodial credit risk. Consistent with the Plan's investment policy, the investment are held by Plan's custodial bank and registered in the Plan's name.

Confidential and Managerial Employee Retirement Plan

The Plan's investment policy is determined by the Board of Trustees. The policy has been identified by the Board as preventing the purchasing power of the Plan's assets by earning a positive real rate of return (after inflation) over the long-term while minimizing, to a reasonable extent, the short-term volatility of results.

The Plan has implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application" issued in February 2015 by categorizing its investments according to the fair value hierarchy established by this Statement.

As of September 30, 2018, the Plan's investments were all categorizes as follows:

	September 30, 2018	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Investment by Fair Value Level					
Debt Securities:					
Fixed income funds	\$ 6,644,709	\$ -	\$ 6,644,709	\$ -	-
Notes receivable	400,000	-	-	400,000	2
Total debt securities	7,044,709	-	6,644,709	400,000	
Equity Securities:	5 006 422		5.006.422		
International Equity Funds	5,086,422	-	5,086,422	-	-
Equity Mutual Funds	16,836,405		16,836,405		-
Total equity securities	21,922,827	- 	21,922,827		
Total investments by fair value level	28,967,536	<u> </u>	\$ 28,567,536	\$ 400,000	-
Cash and cash equivalents Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	389,707 \$ 29,357,243	- =			

Interest rate risk. The Plan diversifies its investments by security type and institution, and limits holdings in any one type of investment with any one issuer with various durations of maturities. As of September 30, 2018, the Plan had the following investment and maturities in its portfolio:

	Fair	Less					
Investment type	Value	Than 1		1 to 5	6 to 10	More	Than 10
Fixed income funds	\$ 6,644,709	\$ 95,342	\$ 2	2,687,073	\$ 3,436,933	\$	425,361
Total	\$ 6,644,709	\$ 95,342	\$ 2	2,687,073	\$ 3,436,933	\$	425,361

Investment Maturities (In Years)

Foreign currency risk. The Plan's exposure to foreign currency risk derives mainly from its investments in international equity mutual funds. The Plan's exposure to foreign currency risk related to foreign equity funds are \$5,086,422 as of September 30, 2018.

Credit risk. This is the risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all of its value due to a real or perceived change in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. This risk is generally measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Plan's investment policy utilizes portfolio diversification in order to control this risk. The following table discloses credit ratings by investment type, at September 30, 2018:

		nousands <u>ir Value</u>	Percentage of Portfolio
Quality rating of credit risk debt securities	•		40.007
AAA	\$	2,685	40.0%
AA		272	4.0%
A		785	12.0%
BBB		1,694	26.0%
ВВ		458	7.0%
В		430	7.0%
Below B		228	3.0%
Not Rated		92	1.0%
Total fixed income securities	\$	6,644	100%

Concentration of credit risk. The Plan's investment policy stipulates various investment restrictions for equity and fixed income securities of any one issuing company or agency. As of September 30, 2018, the value of each position held by the Plan portfolio comprised less than 5% of the Plan assets.

Custodial credit risk. Consistent with the plan's investment policy, the investment are held by Plan's custodial bank and registered in the plan's name.

NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major funds and non-major funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	Re	Accounts eceivable, net	_	ie from other overnments		Total
Governmental Activities		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
General	\$	16,479,405	\$	1,816,288	\$	18,295,693
Community Redevelopment Agency		35,385		10,000		45,385
Fire Protection		265,122		266,214		531,336
Other Non-Major Governmental		-		167,674		167,674
		16,779,912		2,260,176		19,040,088
Allowance for uncollectibles		(10,056,836)		-		(10,056,836)
Total		6,723,076		2,260,176		8,983,252
Business-type Activities						
Water and Sewer		7,250,149		-		7,250,149
Stormwater		94,289		-		94,289
Performing Arts		294,828		344,374		639,202
		7,639,266		344,374		7,983,640
Allowance for uncollectibles		(49,535)		(344,374)		(393,909)
Total		7,589,731		-		7,589,731
Pension trust funds		333,208		-		333,208
TOTAL	\$	14,646,015	\$	2,260,176	\$	16,906,191
					_	

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current

period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition on revenues received but not yet earned. On September 30, 2018, unearned revenue in the governmental funds and government-wide statements amounted to \$5,037,180.

Payables at September 30, 2018 were as follows:

Governmental Actvities:	
General	\$ 1,070,286
Community Redevelopment Agecy	2,659
Capital Project	 35,815
	1,108,760
Business-type Activities:	
Water and sewer	905,859
Stormwater	38,356
Performing Arts	18,021
	962,236
Fiduciary Funds:	
Pension trust funds	168,533
Total	\$ 2,239,529

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018 was as follows (in thousands):

Governmental activities:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 28,344	\$ 2,454	\$ -	\$ 30,798
Construction in progress	1,434	3,476		4,910
Total capital assets not being depreciated	29,778	5,930		35,708
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building	26,781	13,480	-	40,261
Improvements (other than building)	45,485	528	2,121	43,892
Machinery and equipment	22,026	3,531	1,460	24,097
Infrastructure	13,722		270	13,452
Total capital assets being depreciated	108,014	17,539	3,851	121,702
Less: accumulated depreciation for:				
Building	(10,549)	(641)	-	(11,190)
Improvements (other than building)	(19,337)	(2,002)	2,121	(19,218)
Machinery and equipment	(19,625)	(1,338)	1,460	(19,503)
Infrastructure	(10,246)	(211)	270	(10,187)
Total accumulated depreciation	(59,757)	(4,192)	3,851	(60,098)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	48,257	13,347	-	61,604
Governmental activites capital assets, net,				
,	\$ 78,035	\$ 19,277	\$ -	\$ 97,312

Business-type activities:	Beginning Balance	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 349 - 349	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 349 - 349
Capital assets being depreciated: Building Improvements (other than building) Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated	50,143 37,116 6,170 25,734 119,163	3,431 949 - 4,380	- 883 1,481 34 2,398	50,143 39,664 5,638 25,700 121,145
Less: accumulated depreciation for: Building Improvements (other than building) Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation	(17,477) (15,407) (4,794) (10,515) (48,193)	(1,103) (1,808) (470) (628) (4,009)	- 883 1,481 34 2,398	(18,580) (16,332) (3,783) (11,109) (49,804)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net Business-type activites capital assets, net	70,970 \$ 71,319	\$ 371 \$ 371	<u>-</u> \$ -	71,341 \$ 71,690

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 452
Public safety	1,406
Physical environment	317
Transportation	510
Recreation and social services	 1,507
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 4,192
Business-type activities	
Water and sewer	\$ 2,281
Stormwater	1,256
Performing arts	 472
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 4,009

Construction commitments

The City of Lauderhill has active construction projects as of September 30, 2018:

		In Tho	usands		
Project Title		Construction Cost-to-Date		maining nmitment	
Capital Projects	_\$	4,910	\$	50,968	
Total	_ \$	4,910	\$	50,968	

The commitment for governmental capital projects are being financed by General Obligation Bonds.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Receivables and Payables

The composition of inter-fund balances as of September 30, 2018, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	<u>Amount</u>	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
Gerenal Fund	\$ 4,606,235	Capital Projects Fund	\$ -
Community Redevelopment Agency Fund	-	Fire Protection Fund	9,148,535
Water & Sewer Fund	4,500,832	Community Redevelopment Agency Fund	-
Stormwater Fund	4,956,435	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	4,809,771
Performing Arts Center Fund		Performing Arts Center Fund	105,196
Total	\$ 14,063,502	Total	\$ 14,063,502

The outstanding balances between Governmental Funds mainly resulted from time lag between the dates that (a) inter-fund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (b) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (c) payments between funds are made. Interfund receivables for the General Fund and Stormwater Fund are to provide interim resources to Debt Service Fund, Fire Protection Fund, Safe Neighborhood Fund and NSP Fund to pay expenses related to reimbursable funds and grants.

Inter-fund transfers

<u>Fund</u>	Transfer in		т	ransfer out
General Fund	\$	-	\$	5,764,915
Fire Protection Fund		-		115,353
Community Redevelopment Agency		836,376		781,556
Capital Projects Fund		144,189		3,980,619
Debt Service Fund		8,916,202		144,189
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		62,510		72,645
Water and Sewer Fund		-		200,000
Stormwater Fund		-		200,000
Performing Arts Fund	1,300,000			-
	\$	11,259,277	\$	11,259,277

Transfers were used to move revenues from the fund with collection authorization, to the debt service fund, as debt service principal and interest payment became due and to cover contractual expenses in other funds.

A transfer of \$1,300,000 from the General Fund, Community Redevelopment Agency Fund, Water and Sewer Fund and Stormwater fund to Performing Arts Fund was to finance the Performing Arts Center project.

NOTE 6 – LEASES

In 2007, the Lauderhill Finance Corporation "a not for profit" was created under the provisions of Chapter 617 of the Florida State Statutes with The Mayor and City Commissioners as members of the board of trustees and are responsible for overseeing the Corporation. The City does not administer any functions or oversight nor receive benefit from the Corporation.

Operating Leases

On September 2007, the City of Lauderhill entered into an Operating Lease agreement with the Lauderhill Finance Corporation, "a not for profit", whereby the City leases the City of Lauderhill Municipal Building at 5581 W. Oakland Park Blvd, Florida, 33313 from the Corporation, which was completed on October 1, 2010. The lease renewal term is annually and the agreement is cancelable. Minimum future payment on the lease as of September 30, 2018 follows:

Fiscal Year Ending in:		Buildi	ng Lease
_	2019	\$	1,109,919
	2020		1,111,056
	2021		1,110,116
	2022		1,105,500
	2023		1,107,375
Later	Years		4,417,625
	_	\$	9,961,591

On September 2007, the City entered into a Ground Lease Agreement with Lauderhill Finance Corporation, "a non for profit", whereby the Corporation leases land from the City. The lease is for 20 years at \$1.00 payment per year with an automatic ten years renewal period upon mutual consent.

Capital Leases

The City entered into lease purchase agreements with Leasing 2 Inc, Motorola and City National Bank of Florida as lessees for financing the acquisition of equipment in the amount of \$6,003,024. The agreements were initiated 2014, 2015 and 2018 and expire in 2019, 2020 and 2022 respectively. The equipment has a five-year estimated useful life. This year, \$672,570 was included in the depreciation expense. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and therefore has been recorded at the present value of future lease payments as of the inception date. The leases carry interest rates of 2.77%, 2.86% and 1.942% with annual payments of \$67,540, \$305,091 and \$867,256.

The future (minimum) lease obligations and the net present value of capital lease payments as of September 30, 2018 are as follows:

2019	\$ 1,104,543
2020	934,796
2021	867,256
2022	867,256
2023	867,256
Total Lease Payment	4,641,107
Less: Amount of Interest	(214,823)
Present Value of Lease Payment	\$ 4,426,284

NOTE 7 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City has outstanding encumbrances in the Capital Projects funds. The following is a summary of these commitments at September 30, 2018:

Governmental Funds Capital Projects	\$ 6,174,186
	\$ 6,174,186

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Revenue Bonds

The City issues bonds where it pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds have been issued for both the governmental and business-type activities. The original amount of revenue bonds issued in prior years was \$71,730,000 and no new bonds issued or refunded in 2018.

Revenue bonds outstanding as at September 30, 2018 were as follows:

	Average				
			<u>Semi-annual</u>	Original	Outstanding
	Interest Rates	Maturity	<u>Payment</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Governmental actvities:					
2010 Half-cent sales tax	2.86%	2024	\$ 433	\$ 6,565	\$ 5,605
2010 Water utility tax	3.23%	2025	333	10,000	5,922
2011 A Sales tax	2.11%	2018	371	2,595	455
2011 B Sales tax	2.71%	2023	308	3,700	2,370
2013-Electric utility revenue bonds	2.00%-4.00%	2038	449	11,225	9,685
2014-Electric utility revenue bonds	3.57%	2029	83	2,060	1,665
2015 Sales tax - refunding	2.20%	2025	173	3,340	2,830
Description of the second states of					<u>28,532</u>
Business-type activities:					
Water and Sewer			054		7.005
2016-A Water and Sewer - refunding	2.00%-4.00%	2031	354	8,195	7,885
2016-B Water and Sewer - refunding	1.15% - 2.2%	2022	337	4,475	3,600
2012 Water and sewer	2.85%	2027	207	5,000	3,560
Stormwater					
2014 Stormwater	3.61%	2029	84	2,060	1,730
2015-A Stormwater - refunding	2.42%	2028	160	3,735	3,210
2015-B Stormwater - refunding	2.24%	2024	229	4,135	2,925
					22,910
Total Revenue Bonds					\$51,442

B. General obligation

In 2005, the City issued \$35 million general obligation bond to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects within a five-year period. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge of full faith and credit of the government. On July 2, 2015, the City refunded General obligation bonds in the amount of \$23.35 million to take advantage of lower interest rate. In 2017, the City issued \$35 million general obligation bond. In 2018, the City issued \$8.9 million general obligation bond. Funding from the 2017 and 2018 General Obligation Bond will be utilized to finance various capital projects throughout the City. General obligation bonds outstanding at year-end are as follows.

In Thousands

	Interest	Rates Maturity	<u>Payment</u>	<u>Balance</u>
2005 General Obligation-refunding	2% - 5%	2030	\$1,085	\$19,860
2017 General Obligation bonds	2% - 5%	2042	2,215	34,725
2018 General Obligation bonds	2% - 5%	2043	557	8,900

C. State revolving fund loan

The City entered into State Revolving Loan Funding Agreement with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to finance various projects for stormwater and water and sewer improvements. The loans were made available on a reimbursement basis at below market interest rates. The total funding from these agreements aggregated to \$11,198,148 and approximately \$4,279,000 is

outstanding in the Stormwater and Water and Sewer Funds as of September 30, 2018. These loans require annual payment of approximately \$492,378 and interest rate ranging from 2.71% to 3.52%.

D. Notes Payable

The City has established bank promissory notes. These funds were used to purchase and improve capital projects throughout the City. As of September 30, 2018 the outstanding balance is \$14,073,000 and is reflected in the Governmental Activities.

			<u>In Tho</u>	<u>usands</u>
	Interest Rates	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Payment</u>	<u>Balance</u>
2011-Communication BOA	3.52%	2026	\$446	\$4,040
2011-Communication Chase	2.68%	2031	273	3,855
2011 BOA-Electric Franchise	2.64%-3.88%	2026	686	6,178

E. Debt service requirements

Debt service requirements (in thousands) for these revenue and general obligations and state revolving fund loan are listed below:

Governmental Activities																
Year Ending Revenue General Obligation Notes Payable Total																
30-Sep	<u>P</u>	rincipal	<u>In</u>	terest	Pı	rincipal	<u>Ir</u>	nterest	<u>Pr</u>	rincipal	<u>In</u>	terest	Pr	incipal	<u>lr</u>	nterest
2019	\$	2,511	\$	943	\$	2,215	\$	2,438	\$	1,223	\$	445	\$	5,949	\$	3,826
2020		2,617		861		2,465		2,427		1,262		405		6,344		3,693
2021		2,699		774		2,570		2,321		1,297		362		6,566		3,457
2022		2,782		684		2,675		2,208		1,343		319		6,800		3,211
2023		2,875		593		2,805		2,085		1,384		273		7,064		2,951
2024-2028		9,093		1,771		16,045		8,324		6,309		654		31,447		10,749
2029-2033		2,765		957		13,115		4,962		1,255		83		17,135		6,002
2034-2038		3,190		351		10,850		3,040		-		-		14,040		3,391
2039-2043		-		15		10,745		892				-		10,745		907
	\$	28,532	\$	6,949	\$	63,485	\$	28,697	\$	14,073	\$	2,541	\$ 1	06,090	\$	38,187

Year Ending		Water 8				<u>Stormwater</u>			<u>Total</u>			
<u>30-Sep</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>rincipal</u>	<u>In</u>	terest	<u>P</u>	<u>rincipal</u>	<u>In</u>	terest	<u>Pı</u>	<u>rincipal</u>	<u>In</u>	terest
2019	\$	1,546	\$	468	\$	1,310	\$	304	\$	2,856	\$	772
2020		1,577		433		1,348		268		2,925		701
2021		1,612		397		1,381		232		2,993		629
2022		1,168		361		1,345		195		2,513		556
2023		1,192		328		1,386		159		2,578		487
2024-2028		4,062		1,209		4,236		371		8,298		1,580
2029-2033		4,126		336		900		20		5,026		356
	\$	15,283	\$	3,532	\$	11,906	\$	1,549	\$	27,189	\$	5,081

Business-Type Activities

F. Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2018 is listed below (in thousands):

Governmental activities: Bonds payable		Beginning Balance		<u>A</u>	<u>dditions</u>	<u>Re</u>	<u>ductions</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due V	Vithin One Year
Revenue bonds	\$	30,967		\$	-	\$	2,435	\$ 28,532	\$	2,511
General obligation bonds	·	56,325		·	8,900	·	1,740	63,485	·	2,215
Premium		2,869			329		186	3,012		-
Notes payable		15,258			-		1,185	14,073		1,223
Total bonds payable		105,419	•		9,229		5,546	109,102		5,949
Capital leases		823			4,000		397	4,426		1,054
Insurance claims payable		6			11		6	11		11
OPEB obligations		4,215	*		-		133	4,082		-
Compensated absences		2,346			2,432		805	3,973		800
Governmental activity										
Long-term liabilities	\$	112,809		\$	15,672	\$	6,754	\$121,594	\$	7,814
Business-type activities										
Bonds payable										
Revenue bonds	\$	25,085		\$	-	\$	2,175	\$ 22,910	\$	2,230
State revolving fund loan		4,887			-		608	4,279		626
OPEB obligations		383	*		-		12	371		
Business-type activity										
Long-term liabilities	\$	30,355		\$	-	\$	2,795	\$ 27,560	\$	2,856

^{*}Reflects restatement of balance at October 1, 2017 to comply with GASB statement No. 75.

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, pension liabilities and OPEB obligations are generally liquidated by the general fund.

NOTE 9 – OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort, theft, and destruction of assets, error and omission, injury to employees, and disasters. The Self-Insurance Program is accounted for in the General Fund. Under this Program, individual claims up to \$75,000 are paid. Commercial insurance has been purchased for

individual claims in excess of \$75,000, and for total claims that exceed \$1,000,000 in a single year. Specialized insurance is purchased for boiler and machinery, sports accident, and fidelity bonds. Claims did not exceed the excess coverage of \$1,500,000 per claim for property and liability, or \$1,000,000 per claim for workers compensation in any of the past three years.

The City reviews and submits all claims to a claims administration firm. The firm reviews the claims and investigates as needed. A recommendation is then made for the City to pay the claim or to negotiate or litigate. The General and Proprietary Funds participate in the Program and pay their fair share based on submitted claims.

The estimated claims payable as of September 30, 2018 amounted to \$2,586,132 of which \$10,799 is currently due and payable. A liability for claims should be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates probability that a liability that was incurred at the date of the financial statements can be reasonably estimated. Current year claims are based on estimates from a third party administrator. Changes to claims liability balances during the past two years are:

	Year ended					
	09/30/2018	09/30/2017				
Unpaid claims, beginning	\$2,523,050	\$2,103,632				
New claims	3,427,732	1,887,051				
Claim payments	(3,364,650)	(1,467,633)				
Unpaid claims, ending	\$2,586,132	\$2,523,050				

B. Contingent liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. The outcome of these lawsuits cannot presently be determined. In the opinion of the City Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse impact to the financial position or results of operation of the City.

C. On behalf payment of fringe benefits and salaries

In 2018, the City's financial statements include revenue and expenditures from contributions received from State Department of Revenues and Division of Retirement on behalf of its Firefighter and Police Officers Retirement Systems amounting to \$372,790 and \$438,599, respectively. The monies were deposited within five days from their receipt in accordance with the provisions of the law.

D. Restricted assets

The balance of the restricted asset accounts in enterprise funds are as follows:

Water & Sewer revenue bond reserve \$1,946,630 Stormwater revenue bond reserve 113,126

These assets are restricted for the purpose of bond compliance requirement.

NOTE 10 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

The City maintains four separate single-employer, defined benefit pension plans – The General Employee Retirement System, The Firefighter Retirement System, The Police Retirement System, and the Confidential and Managerial Retirement System. All employees are eligible to make voluntary contributions to a 457 defined benefit plan (457 plan). Some managerial employees participate in a previously available 401-(A) money purchase plan. With the exception of the City Manager and Department Directors, all other full-time employees hired after September 30, 2002 are required to participate in one of the defined benefit pension plans based on their job classification.

Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of accounting

All four defined benefit plans present their financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due, and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Valuation of investments

All plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on the balance sheet date. Securities without an established market are reported at estimated fair value. The Plan has implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application" issued in February 2015 by categorizing its investments according to the fair value hierarchy established by this Statement. The hierarchy is based on the valuation input used to measure the fair value of the asset with Level 1 assets being those where quoted prices in an active market for identical assets can be readily obtained, Level 2 assets valued using a matrix pricing technique of quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, and Level 3 assets valued using unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Plan descriptions

A separate five-member board of trustees administers each plan. All full-time employees are covered by one of the aforementioned plans. The plans provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Plan provisions are amended through the collective bargaining process and must be approved by the City of Lauderhill's City Commission. A separately issued financial report that includes the applicable financial statements and required supplementary information for each plan, may be obtained from the Plan Administrators.

Plans' Membership Information

At October 1, 2017, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, the Plans' membership consisted of:

	General Employees Retirement System	Firefighter Retirement System	Police Retirement System	Confidential and Managerial Retirement Syetem
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits, but not yet receiving them	103	76	65	64
Current employees: Fully-Vested Non-Vested	44 32 179	28 54 158	55 42 162	38 67 169

A. General Employees Retirement System (GERS)

Annual Pension Cost. For 2018, the City's annual pension cost of \$966,275 equaled its required and actual contribution. The required contribution was determined by the October 1, 2017 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Actuarial assumptions are 7.0% investment return, 2.0% inflation and 5% projected salary increases. Chapter 112, Part VII, Florida Statutes requires amortization for unfunded liabilities being amortized over 20 years. A one-time 3% cost of living increase was granted to current retirees as of November 25, 2002. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a four-year period. GERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized on an open level dollar basis. Twenty five years remained in the amortization period at September 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At September 30, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$ 3,600,378 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017. At September 30, 2018, the City's proportionate share was 11.86 percent, which was a decrease of 6.51 percent from its proportionate share measured as of September 30, 2017.

The components of the net pension liability of the City at September 30, 2018 were as follows:

		2018
Total pension liability	\$	30,348,416
Plan fiduciary net position		26,748,038
City net pension liability	\$	3,600,378
	-	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		88.14%

Changes in the net pension liability:

	Increase (Decrease)							
_	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a-b)					
Balance at 09/30/2017	\$30,161,315	\$24,621,087	\$5,540,228					
Changes for the Year	_							
Service Cost	630,029		630,029					
Interest	2,100,602		2,100,602					
Changes in benefit terms Difference between expected								
and actual experience	(978,033)		(978,033)					
Contributions-employer		966,275	(966,275)					
Contributions-employee		333,757	(333,757)					
Net investment income		2,467,119	(2,467,119)					
Benefit Payments, including								
refunds of employee								
contributions	(1,459,982)	(1,459,982)	-					
Administrative expenses		(74,703)	74,703					
Refunds	(105,515)	(105,515)	-					
Other: adjustment to beginning of year			-					
Net Changes	187,101	2,126,951	(1,939,850)					
Balance at 09/30/2018	\$30,348,416	\$26,748,038	\$3,600,378					

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate follows.

Current							
1% Decrease			count Rate	1%	1% Increase		
6.00%			7.00%		8.00%		
\$	6,996,362	\$	3,600,378	\$	763,996		
	1% \$	6.00%	1% Decrease Dis 6.00%	1% Decrease Discount Rate 6.00% 7.00%	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% 6.00% 7.00%		

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$902,820. In addition the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions	\$	- 774,381	\$ 751,657 -
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on Pension Plan investments	_	794,054	1,918,386
Total	\$ _	1,568,435	\$ 2,670,043

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
September 30:	Amount
2019	\$ (107,385)
2020	(144,020)
2021	(501,232)
2022	(348,971)
Total	\$ (1,101,608)

B. Firefighter Retirement System (FRS)

Annual Pension Cost. For 2018, the City's annual pension cost of \$3,575,356 equaled its required and actual contribution. The required contribution was determined by the October 1, 2017 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Actuarial assumptions are 7.85% investment return, 3% inflation and 7% projected salary increases. Cost-of-Living adjustment is 1.5% after three years in retirement. In addition, contributions in the amount of \$372,790 were received from the State of Florida from fire and casualty insurance premium taxes. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a four-year period. FRS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized on a closed level dollar basis. Twenty five years remained in the amortization period at September 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At September 30, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$ 14,770,257 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017. At September 30, 2018, the City's proportionate share was 14.65 percent, which was a decrease of 0.19 percent from its proportionate share measured as of September 30, 2017.

The components of the net pension Liability of the City September 30 were as follows:

	 2018
Total pension liability	\$ 100,798,915
Plan fiduciary net position	 (86,028,658)
City net pension liability	\$ 14,770,257

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability

85.35%

Changes in the net pension liability:

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a-b)	
Balance at 09/30/2017	\$92,525,745	\$78,790,699	\$13,735,046	
Changes for the Year				
Service Cost	2,756,657		2,756,657	
Interest	7,212,219		7,212,219	
Changes in benefit terms	324,964		324,964	
Difference between expected and actual experience	(1,803,585)		(1,803,585	
Changes of assumptions	4,732,870		4,732,870	
Contributions-employer		3,586,180	(3,586,180)	
Contributions-State of Florida		372,790	(372,790)	
Contributions-employee		1,072,585	(1,072,585	
Net investment income		7,325,447	(7,325,447	
Benefit Payments, including				
refunds of employee				
contributions	(4,902,520)	(4,902,520)	-	
contribution refunds				
Administrative expenses		(216,523)	216,523	
Other changes	(47,435)	<u> </u>	(47,435)	
Net Changes	8,273,170	7,237,959	1,035,211	
Balance at 09/30/2018	\$100,798,915	\$86,028,658	\$14,770,257	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate follows.

	Current			
	1% Decrease (6.30%)	Discount Rate (7.30%)	1% Increase (8.30%)	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 28,190,236	\$ 14,770,257	\$ 3,810,140	

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,569,912. In addition the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 2,277,116
Change of assumptions	4,536,637	=
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Pension Plan investments	1,015,997	3,703,486
Total	\$ 5,552,634	\$ 5,980,602

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30:	Amount
2019	\$346,575
2020	(480,586)
2021	(266,639)
2022	(27,318)
Total	(\$427,968)

C. Police Retirement System (PRS)

Annual Pension Cost. For 2018, the City's annual pension cost of \$2,529,175 equaled its required and actual contribution. The required contribution was determined by the October 1, 2017 actuarial valuation, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Actuarial assumptions are 7.4% investment return, 3% inflation and 5.5% projected salary increases. The post retirement benefit is \$10 per month per year of credited service for all members employed by the City on or after April 25, 2011, provided that such members have at least 20 years of Credited Service with the City or provided such members left the City at age 55 or older with more than five years of Credit Service with the City. In addition, a contribution in the amount of \$438,599 was received from the State of Florida from fire and casualty insurance premium taxes. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the market value of investments. PRS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized on a closed level dollar basis. Thirty years remained in the amortization period at September 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At September 30, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$ 13,065,573 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017. At September 30, 2018, the City's proportionate share was 15.49 percent, which was an increase of 0.99 percent from its proportionate share measured as of September 30, 2017.

The components of the net pension liability of the City at September 30, 2018 were as follows:

	 2018
Total pension liability	\$ 84,346,770
Plan fiduciary net position	(71,281,197)
City net pension liability	\$ 13,065,573

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability

84.51%

Changes in the net pension liability:

	Increase(Decrease)			
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a-b)	
Balance at 09/30/2017	\$77,761,747	\$66,483,336	\$11,278,411	
Changes for the Year Service Cost	2,115,373		2,115,373	
Interest	5,948,033		5,948,033	
Changes in benefit terms	-		-	
Difference between expected	1,103,892		1,103,892	
and actual experience				
Changes of assumptions	1,377,890		1,377,890	
Contributions-employer		2,499,429	(2,499,429)	
Contributions-State of Florida		438,599	(438,599)	
Contributions-employee		954,885	(954,885)	
Net investment income		5,006,434	(5,006,434)	
Benefit Payments, including				
refunds of employee				
contributions	(3,960,165)	(3,960,165)	-	
Administrative expenses	-	(141,321)	141,321	
Other changes			-	
Net Changes	6,585,023	4,797,861	1,787,162	
Balance at 09/30/2018	\$84,346,770	\$71,281,197	\$13,065,573	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate follows.

	1% Decrease (6.40%)	Current Discount Rate (7.40%)	1% Increase (8.40%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 23,691,817	\$ 13,065,573	\$ 4,335,209

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,448,198. In addition the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Beginning balance as of September 30, 2017	\$ 3,655,913	\$ 4,644,077
Amortization payments	(1,387,743)	(1,277,337)
Investment gain/loss	-	94,384
Demographic gain/loss	1,103,892	-
Change of assumptions	1,377,890	
Balance as of September 30, 2018	\$ 4,749,952	\$ 3,461,124

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

September 30:	Amount
2019	\$220,596
2020	(456,637)
2021	(226,417)
2022	440,218
2023	415,336
Thereafter	895,732
TOTAL	\$1,288,828

D. Confidential and Managerial Retirement System (CMRS)

Annual Pension Cost. For 2018, the City's annual pension cost of \$2,564,476 equaled its required and actual contribution. The required contribution 8% for employees was determined by the October 1, 2017 actuarial valuation, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Actuarial assumptions are 7.50% investment return, 3.0% inflation and 5.55% projected salary increases. The Board of Trustees may authorize a non-recurring cost of living adjustment benefit increase for retired members commencing in the third year after retirement, if the plan has a positive actuarial experience for the prior fiscal year. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the market value of investments. CMRS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized on a layered amortization. Nine years remained in the amortization period as of September 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At September 30, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$ 11,345,015 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2018, and

the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017. At September 30, 2018, the City's proportionate share was 27.93 percent, which was a decrease of 3.40 percent from its proportionate share measured as of September 30, 2017.

The components of the net pension liability of the City at September 30, 2018 were as follows:

	 2018
Total pension liability	\$ 40,613,587
Plan fiduciary net position	(29,268,572)
City net pension liability	\$ 11,345,015

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability

72.07%

2040

Changes in the net pension liability:

	Increase(Decrease)			
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a-b)	
Balance at 09/30/2017 Changes for the Year	\$37,385,912	\$25,674,595	\$11,711,31	
Service Cost	961,659		961,659	
Interest	2,883,554		2,883,554	
Changes in benefit terms	(239,847)		(239,847)	
Difference between expected and actual experience	714,669		714,669	
Changes of assumptions	342,355		342,355	
Contributions-employer		2,564,476	(2,564,476	
Contributions-State of Florida		-	-	
Contributions-employee		656,622	(656,622)	
Net investment income		1,926,024	(1,926,024	
Benefit Payments, including				
refunds of employee				
contributions	(1,434,715)	(1,434,715)	-	
Administrative expenses	-	(118,430)	118,430	
Other changes				
Net Changes	3,227,675	3,593,977	(366,302	
Balance at 09/30/2018	\$40,613,587	\$29,268,572	\$11,345,015	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate follows.

	Current		
	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 15,500,247	\$ 11,345,015	\$ 7,950,628

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,631,453. In addition the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Amortization payments Investment gain/loss	\$	2,394,479 (1,269,195) 62,119	\$ 1,941,722 (716,773) -
Demographic gain/loss Assumption changes	_	714,669 342,355	<u>-</u> -
Balance as of September 30, 2018	\$	2,244,427	\$ 1,224,949

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending

September 30:	Amount
2019	\$503,861
2020	151,654
2021	140,134
2022	223,829
TOTAL	\$1,019,478

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$8,552,383 for all pension plans.

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan description

The City of Lauderhill Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) is presented in accordance with GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". GASB 75 requires governments to account for other post-employment benefits (OPEB) on an accrual basis, rather than on a pay-as-you-go basis. The effect is the recognition of an actuarially determined expense on the Statement of Activities when a future retiree earns their post-employment benefits, rather than when they use their post-employment benefit. The post-employment benefit liability is recognized on the Statement of Net Position over time.

Benefits provided

The City provides post-employment healthcare benefits for certain eligible retirees.

Employees covered by benefit terms

As of October 1, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	32
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active Employees	371
Total Participants covered by OPEB Plan	403

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$4,597,791 was measured as of October 1, 2017, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs.

The total OPEB liability in the October 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate	3.64%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:	
Current Year Trend	3.59%
Second Year Trend	9.50%
Decrement	0.50%
Ultimate Trend	5.00%
Year Ultimate Trend is Reached	2028
Salary Increases	2.00%

The discount rate was based on the index provided by Bond Buyer 20-Bond General Obligation Index based on the 20 year AA municipal bond rate as of October 1, 2017. Mortality rates: SOA RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality with Scale MP-2017(Base year 2006).

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	<u>Fiscal</u>	Year Ending
	Sept	ember 30, 2018
OPEB Liability Beginning of Year	\$	4,597,791
Changes for the Year:		
Service Cost		157,335
Interest		163,217
Assumption Changes		(237,479)
Difference Between Actual and Expected Experience		=
Change in Actuarial Cost Method		=
Benefit Payments		(227,635)
OPEB Liability End of Year	\$	4,453,229

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.

The October 1, 2017 valuation was prepared using a discount rate of 3.64%. If the discount rate were 1% higher than what was used in this valuation, the Total OPEB Liability as of September 30, 2018 would decrease to \$3,988,672 or by (10.43%). If the discount rate were 1% lower than what was used in this valuation, the Total OPEB Liability would increase to \$4,500,315 or by 1.06%.

	Discount Rate				
	1% Decrease	Baseline 3.64%	1% I	ncrease	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 4,500,315	\$ 4,453,229	\$	3,988,672	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

The October 1, 2017 valuation was prepared using an initial trend rate of 3.59%. If the trend rate were 1% higher than what was used in this valuation, the Total OPEB Liability as of September 30, 2018 would increase to \$5,100,518 or by 14.54%. If the trend rate were 1% lower than what was used in this valuation, the Total OPEB Liability would decrease to \$4,165,865 or by (6.45%).

	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates				
	1% Decrease Baseline 3.59%			1%	Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 4,165,865	\$	4,453,229	\$	5,100,518

OPEB Expense

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized an OPEB expense as follows:

	September 30,2018	
Service Cost	\$	157,335
Interest		163,217
Amortization of Deferred Charges:		
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		278,848
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		(13,284)
Net OPEB Expense	\$	586,116

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows / (inflows) of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred		
outflows of	Defer	red inflows
resources	of	resources
\$ 2,096,940	\$	-
		(99,898)
\$ 2,096,940	\$	(99,898)
	outflows of resources \$ 2,096,940	outflows of Defer resources of \$ 2,096,940 \$

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred (inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred outflows		Deferred inflows	
Fiscal year ending Sep 30	of resources		of	resources
2019	\$	278,848	\$	(15,322)
2020		278,848		(15,322)
2021		278,848		(15,322)
2022		278,848		(15,322)
2023		278,848		(15,322)
Thereafter		702,700		(23,288)
Total	\$	2,096,940	\$	(99,898)

NOTE 12 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing the accompanying financial statements, the City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through March 25, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no significant events that Management believes require disclosure.

Required Supplementary Information

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
	Original	Final	ACTUAL	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 18,009,036	\$ 18,149,667	\$ 18,059,592	\$ (90,075)
Franchise taxes	4,456,027	4,581,027	4,566,695	(14,332)
Public service taxes	8,982,710	9,202,710	9,360,774	158,064
Charges for services	4,287,159	4,173,090	1,554,098	(2,618,992)
Administrative charges	8,410,044	8,420,507	8,107,649	(312,858)
Intergovernmental	8,629,013	9,857,550	9,623,175	(234,375)
Licenses and permits	3,187,000	4,512,134	4,377,800	(134,334)
Fines and forfeitures	1,090,000	1,077,000	779,871	(297,129)
Investment income	10,000	71,582	81,373	9,791
Rental income	345,500	610,325	563,669	(46,656)
Miscellaneous	935,285	987,023	1,014,965	27,942
Total revenues	58,341,774	61,642,615	58,089,661	(3,552,954)
EXPENDITURES				
Current: General government:				
City Clerk	701,491	763,960	681,122	82,838
City Commission	1,048,207	922,895	832,220	90,675
Administration	4,178,753	5,863,045	5,259,068	603,977
Finance	4,625,047	5,329,518	4,743,125	586,393
Legal	714,000	885,000	916,429	(31,429)
Human resources	2,657,209	2,267,638	1,912,653	354,985
Total general government	13,924,707	16,032,056	14,344,617	1,687,439
Public safety:				
Police	19,857,065	20,275,773	20,133,354	142,419
Fire and Rescue	4,545,523	6,111,614	5,743,342	368,272
Total public safety	24,402,588	26,387,387	25,876,696	510,691
Physical environment:				
Building maintenance	3,375,544	2,296,874	1,918,658	378,216
Grounds maintenance	760,000	719,000	561,396	157,604
Total Physical environment	4,135,544	3,015,874	2,480,054	535,820
Transportation:	, ,			
Street maintenance	3,125,703	2,901,816	2,347,223	554,593
Total transportation	3,125,703	2,901,816	2,347,223	554,593
Recreation and social services:			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Recreation and social services	7,566,808	7,625,365	6,634,122	991,243
Total recreation and social services:	7,566,808	7,625,365	6,634,122	991,243
Total Expenditures	53,155,350	55,962,498	51,682,712	4,279,786
Excess of Revenue over				
Expenditures	5,186,424	5,680,117	6,406,949	726,832
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(5,186,424)	(6,349,422)	(5,764,915)	584,507
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,186,424)		(5,764,915)	584,507
Net change in fund balances*	\$ -	\$ (669,305)	642,034	\$ 1,311,339
Fund balances - beginning			16,129,620	
Fund balances - ending			\$ 16,771,654	<u>.</u>

^{*} The net change in fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation of fund balance.

The notes to the bugetary comparison schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information Community Redevelopment Agency

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		BUDGETED A	MOU	NTS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
	OF	RIGINAL		FINAL		AMOUNT	Positive	(Negative)	
REVENUES		<u>.</u>							
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,000		10,000	
Investment income		-		1,800		2,518		718	
Rental income		108,625		73,488		73,488		-	
Miscellaneous						59,120		59,120	
Total revenues		108,625		75,288		145,126		69,838	
EXPENDITURES General government:									
Administrative expense		162,606		535,946		135,016		400,930	
Total expenditures		162,606		535,946		135,016		400,930	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over									
Expenditures		(53,981)		(460,658)		10,110		470,768	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in		648,318		858,475		836,376		(22,099)	
Transfers out		(594,337)		(781,557)		(781,556)		1	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		53,981		76,918		54,820		(22,098)	
Net change in fund balances*	\$		\$	(383,740)		64,930	\$	448,670	
Fund balances - beginning						(1,155,027)			
Fund balances - ending					\$	(1,090,097)			

^{*} The net change in fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation of fund balance.

The notes to the bugetary comparison schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Budgetary information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. Annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The City follows Chapter 80-274 of the state of Florida Statutes and its charter in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements. The budget process is as follows:

- 1. Prior to August 1, the City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an appropriation ordinance.
- 4. The appropriated budget is prepared and adopted by fund, function, and department. Budgets are monitored within each department at the account level by the respective department head and the Finance Director. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department with approval of the City Manager and Finance Director. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the additional approval of the City Commission. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e. the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) is the department level. The City Commission made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g. purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as assigned fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended September 30, 2018, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following departments:

<u>Department</u> <u>Excess Expenditures over Budget</u>
Legal \$31,429

These over expenditures were funded by a combination of greater than anticipated revenues and available fund balance.

Required Supplementary Information Lauderhill Retirement Systems Schedule of Net Pension Liability (unaudited) General Employees' Retirement System

		2018		2017	2016			2015		2014
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$	630,029	\$	677,372	\$	652,913	\$	673,960	\$	682,926
Interest		2,100,602		2,107,824		2,036,952		1,936,129		1,923,089
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		(11,874)		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(978,033)		(1,073,581)		(73,178)		(646,450)		(4,059)
Changes of assumptions		-		936,429		420,080		674,994		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,459,982)		(1,672,465)		(1,633,810)		(1,382,619)		(1,708,640)
Contribution refunds		(105,515)		(93,124)		(74,140)		-		-
Net change in total pension liability		187,101		882,455		1,328,817		1,244,140		893,316
Total pension liability - beginning		30,161,315		29,278,860		27,950,043		26,705,903		25,812,587
Total pension liability - ending		30,348,416		30,161,315		29,278,860		27,950,043		26,705,903
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer		(966,275)		(1,095,544)		(1,162,968)		(1,212,601)		(1,224,361)
Contributions - member		(333,757)		(349,378)		(358,574)		(356,306)		(358,549)
Net investment income		(2,467,119)		(3,254,358)		(2,169,338)		512,452		(1,786,880)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		1,459,982		1,672,465		1,633,810		1,382,619		1,708,640
Contribution refunds		105,515		93,124		74,140		1,302,013		1,700,040
Administrative expenses		74,703		74,633		81,069		67,020		58,696
Other: Adjustment to beginning of year		74,700		74,000		(118)		07,020		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(2,126,951)	_	(2,859,058)		(1,901,979)		393,184		(1,602,454)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		(24,621,087)		(21,762,029)		(19,860,050)		(20,253,234)		18,650,780)
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		(26,748,038)	_	(24,621,087)		(21,762,029)		(19,860,050)		20,253,234)
City's Net Pension Liability	\$	3,600,378	\$	5,540,228	\$	7,516,831	\$	8,089,993	_	6,452,669
Oity 3 Not 1 Cholon Elability	Ψ	0,000,070	Ψ	0,040,220	Ψ	7,510,001	Ψ	0,000,000	Ψ	0,402,000
Total pension liability	\$	30,348,416	\$	30,161,315	\$	29,278,860	\$	27,950,043	\$	26,705,903
Plan fiduciary net position		(26,748,038)		(24,621,087)		(21,762,029)		(19,860,050)	(20,253,234)
City's net pension liability	\$	3,600,378	\$	5,540,228	\$	7,516,831	\$	8,089,993	\$	6,452,669
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the										
total pension liability		88.14%		81.63%		74.33%		71.06%		75.84%
Covered payroll	\$	3,337,570	\$	3,493,780	\$	3,585,740	\$	3,563,060	\$	3,585,490
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered - payroll		107.87%		158.57%		209.63%		227.05%		179.97%

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information Lauderhill Retirement Systems Schedule of Net Pension Liability (unaudited) Firefighters' Retirement System

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$ 2,756,657	\$ 2,619,073	\$ 2,527,101	\$ 2,558,195	\$ 2,440,094
Interest	7,212,219	6,818,819	6,519,385	6,289,742	5,928,052
Changes of benefit terms	324,964	268,422	338,414	357,454	345,399
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,803,585)	(326,449)	(749,900)	(1,715,691)	(551,848)
Changes of assumptions	4,732,870	224,755	1,946,542	101,056	96,389
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(4,794,601)	(4,512,657)	(5,500,238)	(3,730,013)	(3,982,063)
Contribution refunds	(107,919)	(35,787)	(52,793)	(69,592)	(4,028)
Other	(47,435)	(71,203)	598,906		-
Net change in total pension liability	8,273,170	4,984,973	5,627,417	3,791,151	4,271,995
Total pension liability - beginning	92,525,745	87,540,772	81,913,355	78,122,204	73,850,209
Total pension liability - ending	100,798,915	92,525,745	87,540,772	81,913,355	78,122,204
Dien fidusien, net necitien					
Plan fiduciary net position	2 506 400	0 504 044	2 022 624	4.064.424	4 464 F04
Contributions - employer Contributions - State of Florida	3,586,180	3,521,811 394,437	3,822,621	4,064,434 485,663	4,164,581 492,840
Contributions - State of Florida Contributions - member	372,790	,	391,657	,	
	1,072,585	1,065,791	986,417	972,711	970,011
Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	7,325,447	8,980,612	6,286,349 (5,500,238)	(507,362) (3,730,013)	5,036,474
Contribution refunds	(4,794,601) (107,919)	(4,512,657) (35,787)	(5,500,238)	(69,592)	(3,982,063) (4,028)
Administrative expenses	(216,523)	(220,226)	(219,180)	(176,928)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	7,237,959	9,193,981	5,714,833	1,038,913	(169,317) 6,508,498
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	78,790,699	69,596,718	63,881,885	62,842,972	56,334,474
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	86,028,658	78,790,699	69,596,718	63,881,885	62,842,972
City's Net Pension Liability	\$ 14,770,257	\$ 13,735,046	\$ 17,944,054	\$18,031,470	\$ 15,279,232
Oity 5 Net 1 ension clability	ψ 14,770,237	ψ 13,733,040	ψ 17,944,054	\$10,031,470	Ψ 13,213,232
Total pension liability	\$ 100,798,915	\$ 92,525,745	\$ 87,540,772	\$81,913,355	\$ 78,122,204
Plan fiduciary net position	(86,028,658)	(78,790,699)	(69,596,718)	(63,881,885)	(62,842,972)
City's net pension liability	\$ 14,770,257	\$ 13,735,046	\$ 17,944,054	\$18,031,470	\$ 15,279,232
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the					
total pension liability	85.35%	85.16%	79.50%	77.99%	80.44%
Covered payroll	\$ 7,634,463	\$ 7,651,439	\$ 7,136,191	\$ 6,884,383	\$ 6,945,645
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered - payroll	193.47%	179.51%	251.45%	261.92%	219.98%

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information Lauderhill Retirement Systems Schedule of Net Pension Liability (unaudited) Police Officers' Retirement Plan

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability				•	
Service cost	\$ 2,115,373	\$ 1,968,523	\$ 2,026,701	\$ 2,263,617	\$ 2,410,501
Interest	5,948,033	5,533,621	5,185,302	4,759,669	4,396,768
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,103,892	(414,452)	541,452	(357,156)	-
Changes of assumptions	1,377,890	781,572	230,889	783,793	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(3,960,165)	(3,106,966)	(1,630,757)	(1,630,757)	(1,223,106)
Net change in total pension liability	6,585,023	4,762,298	6,353,587	5,819,166	5,584,163
Total pension liability - beginning	77,761,747	72,999,449	67,153,703	61,334,537	55,750,374
Total pension liability - ending	84,346,770	77,761,747	73,507,290	67,153,703	61,334,537
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	2,938,028	2,720,815	2,724,191	2,831,755	2,872,191
Contributions - member	954,885	911,939	922,206	1,014,541	1,071,357
Net investment income	5,006,434	8,315,095	5,185,725	366,152	3,886,946
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(3,960,165)	(3,106,966)	(2,120,243)	(1,630,757)	(1,223,106)
Administrative expenses	(141,321)	(141,295)	(156,372)	(154,489)	(127,535)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	4,797,861	8,699,588	6,555,507	2,427,202	6,479,853
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	66,483,336	57,783,748	51,228,241	4,801,039	42,321,186
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	71,281,197	66,483,336	57,783,748	51,228,241	48,801,039
City's Net Pension Liability	\$ 13,065,573	\$ 11,278,411	\$ 15,723,542	\$ 15,925,462	\$ 12,533,498
Total pension liability	\$ 84,346,770	\$ 77,761,747	\$ 73,507,290	\$ 67,153,703	\$ 61,334,537
Plan fiduciary net position	(71,281,197)	(66,483,336)	(57,783,748)	(51,228,241)	(48,801,039)
City's net pension liability	\$ 13,065,573	\$ 11,278,411	\$ 15,723,542	\$ 15,925,462	\$ 12,533,498
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the					
total pension liability	84.51%	85.50%	78.61%	76.29%	79.57%
Covered payroll	\$ 8,751,336	\$ 8,091,698	\$ 8,479,879	\$ 9,712,011	\$ 9,671,315
City's net pension liability as a percentage of					
Covered - payroll	149.30%	139.38%	185.42%	163.98%	129.59%
Ouvereu - payruii	149.30%	139.36%	100.42%	103.96%	129.09%

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information Lauderhill Retirement Systems Schedule of Net Pension Liability (unaudited) Confidential and Managerial Employee Defined Benefit Retirement Plan

		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014
Total pension liability						_		_	
Service cost	\$	961,659	\$	1,388,267	\$	800,492	\$	923,381	\$ 909,893
Interest		2,883,554		2,694,687		2,229,762		2,031,023	1,986,883
Changes of benefit terms		(239,847)		3,118,028					
Differences between expected and actual experience		714,669		(24,073)		1,029,320		(729,411)	-
Changes of assumptions		342,355		1,133,869		(1,244,174)		200,920	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,434,715)		(1,530,370)		(1,542,953)		(1,501,544)	(1,517,087)
Net change in total pension liability		3,227,675		6,780,408		1,272,447		924,369	1,379,689
Total pension liability - beginning		37,385,912		30,605,504		29,333,057		28,408,688	27,028,999
Total pension liability - ending		40,613,587		37,385,912		30,605,504		29,333,057	28,408,688
Plan fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer		2,564,476		2,959,421		1,822,643		1,614,792	1,733,274
Contributions - member		656,622		1,175,518		512,410		419,320	404,147
Net investment income		1,926,024		2,697,940		1,842,073		(501,421)	1,382,606
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,434,715)		(1,530,370)		(1,542,953)		(1,501,544)	(1,517,087)
Administrative expenses		(118,430)		(125,920)		(146,820)		(134,898)	(84,843)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		3,593,977		5,176,589		2,487,353		(103,751)	1,918,097
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		25,674,595		20,498,006		18,010,653		18,114,404	16,196,307
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		29,268,572		25,674,595		20,498,006		18,010,653	18,114,404
City's Net Pension Liability	\$	11,345,015	\$	11,711,317	\$	10,107,498	\$	11,322,404	\$ 10,294,284
	•	10.010.505	•	07.005.040	•		_		A a a a a a a a a a a
Total pension liability	\$	40,613,587	\$	- //-	\$	30,605,504	\$	29,333,057	\$ 28,408,688
Plan fiduciary net position	•	(29,268,572)	•	(25,674,595)	_	(20,498,006)	_	(18,010,653)	(18,114,404)
City's net pension liability	\$	11,345,015	\$	11,711,317	\$	10,107,498	\$	11,322,404	\$ 10,294,284
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the									
total pension liability		72.07%		68.67%		66.97%		61.40%	63.76%
Covered payroll	\$	6,670,802	\$	6,458,558	\$	4,231,786	\$	4,337,897	\$ 3,967,314
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		170.07%		181.33%		238.85%		257.81%	259.48%

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information Lauderhill Retirement Systems Schedule of Contributions by Employer (Unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal years

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FY Ending September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll
2009	\$ 809,482	\$ 809,482	\$ -	\$ 4,760,650	17.00%
2010	920,970	920,970	-	4,005,580	22.99%
2011	993,731	993,731	-	3,631,980	27.36%
2012	1,056,516	1,056,516	-	3,495,200	30.23%
2013	1,103,955	1,103,955	-	3,798,110	29.07%
2014	1,224,361	1,224,361	-	3,585,490	34.15%
2015	1,200,656	1,212,601	(11,945)	3,563,060	34.03%
2016	1,174,771	1,162,968	11,803	3,585,740	32.43%
2017	1,095,544	1,095,544	-	3,493,780	31.36%
2018	966,275	966,275	-	3,337,570	28.95%
EDO					

FRS

FY Ending September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency Covered (Excess) Payroll		Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll
2009	\$ 2,448,774	\$ 2,448,774	\$ -	\$ 6,357,484	38.52%
2010	2,952,870	2,952,870	-	6,024,458	49.01%
2011	3,003,218	3,003,218	-	6,018,473	49.90%
2012	3,691,300	3,691,300	-	6,445,935	57.27%
2013	4,369,844	4,369,844	-	6,716,257	65.06%
2014	4,331,942	4,331,942	-	6,945,643	62.37%
2015	4,231,795	4,231,795	-	6,884,383	61.47%
2016	3,989,982	3,989,982	-	7,136,191	55.91%
2017	3,716,888	3,719,029	2,141	7,651,439	48.61%
2018	3,772,575	3,772,575	-	7,634,463	49.42%

PRS

FY Ending September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll
2009	\$ 2,076,113	\$ 2,076,113	\$ -	\$ 7,677,961	27.04%
2010	2,320,277	2,320,277	-	8,751,221	26.51%
2011	2,306,698	2,306,698	-	9,149,345	25.21%
2012	2,629,422	2,629,422	-	8,818,777	29.82%
2013	2,769,493	2,769,493	-	8,844,361	31.31%
2014	2,872,191	2,872,191	-	9,671,315	29.70%
2015	2,831,595	2,831,595	-	9,712,011	29.16%
2016	2,723,906	2,723,906	-	8,479,879	32.12%
2017	2,720,045	2,720,045	-	8,091,698	33.62%
2018	2,938,028	2,938,028	-	8,751,336	33.57%

CMRS

	Actuarially		Contribution	Contribution as a					
FY Ending	Determined	Actual	Deficiency	Covered	percentage of covered				
September 30,	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	payroll				
2009	\$ 1,225,500	\$ 1,225,500	\$ -	\$ 3,492,838	35.09%				
2010	1,464,812	1,464,812	-	3,917,402	37.39%				
2011	1,566,677	1,566,677	-	4,414,548	35.49%				
2012	1,442,701	1,442,701	-	3,995,271	36.11%				
2013	1,643,680	1,643,680	-	3,565,534	46.10%				
2014	1,732,035	1,732,035	-	3,967,314	43.66%				
2015	1,614,792	1,614,792	-	4,337,897	37.23%				
2016	1,822,643	1,822,643	-	4,231,763	43.07%				
2017	2,959,421	2,959,421	-	6,458,558	45.82%				
2018	2,564,476	2,564,476	-	6,670,802	38.44%				

Required Supplementary Information Lauderhill Retirement Systems Schedule of Investment Returns (Unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal years

Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense:

	GERS	FRS	PRS	CMRS
2009	0.90%	(4.16%)	1.2%	1.40%
2010	9.40%	9.66%	9.5%	8.10%
2011	(4.39%)	(1.51%)	(4.4%)	(3.6%)
2012	17.70%	20.21%	17.4%	16.00%
2013	15.00%	15.70%	16.1%	10.60%
2014	9.50%	8.83%	9.2%	7.50%
2015	(2.5%)	(.66%)	1.2%	(2.4%)
2016	10.90%	10.02%	10.2%	10.30%
2017	15.00%	12.89%	14.4%	12.30%
2018	10.20%	9.31%	7.90%	7.30%

Required Supplementary Information Lauderhill Other Postemployment Benefits(OPEB) Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability (unaudited)

	Se	ptember 30, 2018
OPEB Liability Beginning of Year	\$	4,597,791
Changes for the year		
Service cost		157,335
Interest		163,217
Assumptions Changes		(237,479)
Differences Between Actual and Expected Experience Changes in Actuarial Cost Method		-
Benefit payments		(227,635)
OPEB Liability End of Year		4,453,229
Covered payroll	\$	27,084,281
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		16.44%

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2018

Special Revenue

	Special revenue																	
	SHIP		onomic elopment	***************************************		Grant Fund	Nei	Safe ghborhood		N.S.P Fund	CDBG		Home Grant		Natural Disaster	Total		
ASSETS																		
Equity in pooled cash and investments Notes receivable Due from other governments	\$ 555,969 - -	\$	3,247	\$	90,268	\$	335,786	79,586 13,226	\$	434,444 - -	\$	1,532 - 50,000	\$ 606,549 615,470 -	\$	4,561 - 104,448	\$	50,281	\$ 2,162,223 615,470 167,674
Other assets			15,300		-		-					-	5,600				-	20,900
Total assets	\$ 555,969	\$	18,547	\$	90,268	\$	335,786	\$ 92,812	\$	434,444	\$	51,532	\$1,227,619	\$	109,009	\$	50,281	\$ 2,966,267
LIABILITIES																		
Due to other funds	\$ -	\$	18,547	\$		\$		\$ -	\$		\$	19,351	<u> </u>	\$	169,370	\$	4,602,503	\$ 4,809,771
Total liabilities			18,547			_			_		_	19,351			169,370	_	4,602,503	4,809,771
FUND BALANCES Assigned: Social services:																		
Safe neighborhood					_					434,444					_			434,444
Housing	555,969									-		32,181	1,227,619					1,815,769
Public safety-law enforcement					90,268		335,786	92,812										518,866
Unassigned:																		
Social services-housing Public safety-natural disaster					•		-			-	_				(60,361)	_	- (4,552,222)	(60,361) (4,552,222)
Total fund balances (deficits)	555,969	_		_	90,268	_	335,786	92,812		434,444	_	32,181	1,227,619	. —	(60,361)	_	(4,552,222)	(1,843,504)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 555,969	\$	18,547	\$	90,268	\$	335,786	\$ 92,812	\$	434,444	\$	51,532	\$1,227,619	\$	109,009	\$	50,281	\$ 2,966,267

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Special Revenue Federal Grant **Economic** Law Safe N.S.P Home Natural SHIP Development Enforcement Forfeitures Fund Neighborhoods Fund CDBG Grant Disaster Total **REVENUES** 1,659,005 323,017 \$ \$395,622 50,000 \$ 680,624 209,742 \$ Intergovernmental - \$ \$ \$ \$ 338,332 338,332 Property taxes 7,433 21,054 28,487 Fines and forfeitures 2,856 573 2,144 81 4,690 85 12,829 23,258 Investment income Total revenues 325,873 8,006 23,198 395,703 343,022 50,085 693,453 209,742 2,049,082 **EXPENDITURES** Current: Public safety 326,912 3,400,890 3,727,802 Recreation and social services 110,012 267,426 50,000 280,931 119,061 827,430 Capital Outlay: Machinery & equipment 8,305 6,750 15,055 10,050 10,050 Improvements Total Expenditures 110,012 335,217 267,426 50,000 297,731 119,061 3,400,890 4,580,337 Excess (deficiency) of revenue 215,861 8,006 23,198 60,486 75,596 85 395,722 90,681 (3,400,890) (2,531,255) over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 62,510 Transfer in 30,184 32,326 (72,645) (72,645) Transfer out Total other financing sources and (uses) 30,184 32,326 (72,645) (10, 135)Net change in fund balances 215,861 8,006 53,382 92,812 2,951 85 395,722 90,681 (3,400,890)(2,541,390) Fund balances(deficits) - beginning 340,108 82,262 282,404 431,493 32,096 831,897 (151,042) (1,151,332) 697,886 \$ 555,969 \$ - \$ 90,268 \$ 335,786 \$ 92,812 434,444 \$ 32,181 \$ 1,227,619 \$ (60,361) \$ (4,552,222) \$ (1,843,504) Fund balances(deficits) - ending \$

Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS					ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
	(ORIGINAL FI		FINAL		AMOUNT	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	2,097,344	\$	4,362,042	\$	4,595,326	\$	233,284	
Investment income		2,500		252,500		229,428		(23,072)	
Miscellaneous		5,000		5,000				(5,000)	
Total revenues		2,104,844		4,619,542		4,824,754		205,212	
EXPENDITURES									
General government:									
Administrative expense Debt service:		-		300,772		212,853		87,919	
Bond issuance costs Capital Outlay:		-		-		181,511		(181,511)	
Land		-		_		2,453,135		(2,453,135)	
Buildings		-		-		-		-	
Improvements		16,379,344		44,992,514		3,931,999		41,060,515	
Infrastructure		-		-		-		-	
Machinery & equipment		2,881,587		3,280,547		3,393,523		(112,976)	
Total expenditures		19,260,931		48,573,833		10,173,021		38,400,812	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over									
Expenditures		(17,156,087)		(43,954,291)		(5,348,267)		38,606,024	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfer in		-		654,911		144,189		(510,722)	
Transfers out		-		(3,980,617)		(3,980,619)		(2)	
Proceeds on bonds issued		17,156,087		6,324,577		8,900,000		2,575,423	
Proceeds on lease Premium on bonds issued		-		3,956,087		4,000,000 329,613		43,913	
Total other financing sources and uses		17,156,087		6,954,958		9,393,183	-	329,613 2,438,225	
Total other infancing sources and uses		17,130,007		0,334,330		3,333,103		2,400,220	
Net change in fund balances*	\$		\$	(36,999,333)		4,044,916	\$	41,044,249	
Fund balances (deficits) - beginning						33,830,391			
Fund balances (deficits) - ending					\$	37,875,307			

^{*} The net change in fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation of fund balance.

Fire Protection Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	BUDGETE	D AMOUNTS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	AMOUNT	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
Property tax	\$ -	71,760	\$ 42,494	\$ (29,266)		
Charge for service	15,945,187	16,145,587	15,429,953	(715,634)		
Licenses and permits Investment income	100	38,441 100	38,441	- (100)		
Miscellaneous	25,000	53	53	(100)		
Total revenues			15,510,941	(745,000)		
Total revenues	15,970,287	16,255,941	15,510,941	(745,000)		
EXPENDITURES						
Public safety	15,852,873	15,932,802	15,326,547	606,255		
Debt service:			000 004	(000,004)		
Principal retirement Interest	-	-	288,361 16,730	(288,361)		
Interest	-	-	10,730	(16,730)		
Capital Outlay:						
Improvement	-	81,372	62,214	19,158		
Machinery & equipment	71,120	80,120	88,580	(8,460)		
Total expenditures	15,923,993	16,094,294	15,782,432	311,862		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over						
Expenditures	46,294	161,647	(271,491)	(433,138)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfer in	115,353	-	-	-		
Transfer out	(161,647)	(161,647)	(115,353)	46,294		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(46,294)	(161,647)	(115,353)	46,294		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	(386,844)	\$ (386,844)		
Fund balances (deficits) - beginning			(8,529,918)			
Fund balances (deficits) - ending			\$ (8,916,762)			

Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS					ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
	ORIGINAL		FINAL		AMOUNT		Positive (Negative		
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment Income	\$	458,521 -	\$	494,797 205	\$	206	\$	(494,797) <u>1</u>	
Total revenues		458,521		495,002		206		(494,796)	
EXPENDITURES General government Debt service:		-		5,000		-		5,000	
Principal retirement		4,672,658		5,467,619		5,467,618		1	
Interest and issuance cost		2,653,953		3,724,789	_	3,892,664		(167,875)	
Total expenditures		7,326,611		9,197,408		9,360,282	_	(162,874)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over Expenditures		(6,868,090)		(8,702,406)		(9,360,076)		657,670	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer in Transfers out		7,147,669		8,920,394		8,916,202 (144,189)		(4,192) -	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-		-		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		7,147,669		8,920,394	-	8,772,013		(148,381)	
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$	279,579	\$	217,988		(588,063) 588,063	\$	(806,051)	
Fund balances - ending					\$	-			

Special Revenue Fund - State Housing Initiative Program (SHIP)
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	 BUDGETED) AM (OUNTS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
	ORIGINAL	FINAL			AMOUNT	Positive (Negative			
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$ 301,014	\$	323,017	\$	323,017	\$	-		
Investment income	 		1,905		2,856		951		
Total revenues	 301,014		324,922		325,873		951		
EXPENDITURES									
Recreation and social services	 301,014		746,642		110,012		636,630		
Total expenditures	 301,014		746,642	_	110,012		636,630		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over									
Expenditures	 -				215,861		215,861		
Net change in fund balances*	\$ 	\$	(421,720)		215,861	\$	637,581		
Fund balances - begining					340,108				
Fund balances - ending				\$	555,969				

^{*} The net change in fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation of fund balance.

Special Revenue Fund - Law Enforcement
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		BUDGETED AMOUNTS				CTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
	ORIGINAL		FINAL		AMOUNT		Positive (Negativ		
REVENUES Fines and forfeitures Investment income	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	3,363 146	\$	7,433 573	\$	4,070 427	
Total revenues				3,509		8,006		4,497	
EXPENDITURES Public safety Total expenditures		<u>-</u>		3,509 3,509		-		3,509 3,509	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over									
Expenditures						8,006		8,006	
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-		8,006	\$	8,006	
Fund balances - beginning						82,262			
Fund balances - ending					\$	90,268			

Special Revenue Fund - Federal Forfeitures
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	1	BUDGETED AMOUNTS				CTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET Positive (Negative)	
	ORIGINAL		FINAL		AMOUNT			
REVENUES Fines and forfeitures Investment income	\$		\$	826 1,655	\$	21,054 2,144	\$	20,228 489
Total revenues				2,481		23,198		20,717
EXPENDITURES Public safety Capital Outlay: Machinery & equipment		- -		2,481 <u>-</u>		- -		2,481
Total expenditures		-		2,481				2,481
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over Expenditures						23,198		23,198
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer in Net change in fund balance	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>		30,184 53,382	\$	30,184 53,382
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending					\$	282,404 335,786		

CITY OF A1:H45LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA

Special Revenue Fund - Safe Neighborhood Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		BUDGETED AMOUNTS				ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
	ORIGINAL		FINAL		AMOUNT		Positive (Negative		
REVENUES									
Property taxes Investment income	\$	344,585	\$	344,584	\$	338,332 4,690	\$	(6,252) 4,690	
Total revenues		344,585		344,584		343,022	-	(1,562)	
EXPENDITURES Current:									
Recreation and social services		271,940		750,493		267,426		483,067	
Total expenditures		271,940		750,493		267,426		483,067	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over									
Expenditures		72,645		(405,909)		75,596	-	481,505	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers out		(72,645)		(72,645)		(72,645)		<u> </u>	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(72,645)		(72,645)		(72,645)		-	
Change in fund balance*	\$	-	\$	(478,554)		2,951	\$	481,505	
Fund balances - beginning						431,493			
Fund balances - ending					\$	434,444			

^{*} The net change in fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation of fund balance.

Special Revenue Fund - Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP)
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		BUDGETE	D AMOUN	гѕ	A	CTUAL	VARIANCE WIT FINAL BUDGE		
	ORIO	SINAL	FI	NAL	AN	MOUNT	Positive (Negative		
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment income	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- -	\$	50,000 85	\$	50,000 85	
Total revenues		-				50,085		50,085	
EXPENDITURES Recreation and social services Total expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		50,000 50,000		(50,000)	
Expenditures						85		85	
Change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	=	85	\$	85	
Fund balances(deficit) - beginning						32,096			
Fund balances - ending					\$	32,181			

Special Revenue Fund - Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	AMOUNT	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 681,534	\$ 725,325	\$ 680,624	\$ (44,701)
Investment income		9,813	12,829	3,016
Total revenues	681,534	735,138	693,453	(41,685)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Recreation and social services	681,534	1,191,919	280,931	910,988
Capital Outlay: Machinery & equipment	-	-	6,750	(6,750)
Improvements		434,008	10,050	423,958
Total expenditures	681,534	1,625,927	297,731	1,328,196
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over				
Expenditures		(890,789)	395,722	1,286,511
Change in fund balances*	\$ -	\$ (890,789)	395,722	\$ 1,286,511
Fund balances - begining			831,897	
Fund balances - ending			\$ 1,227,619	

^{*} The net change in fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation of fund balance.

Special Revenue Fund - Home Grant
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS					ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
	ORIGINAL		FINAL		AMOUNT		Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES					·			_	
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	201,939	\$	209,742	\$	7,803	
Total revenues				201,939		209,742		7,803	
EXPENDITURES									
Recreation and social services				263,764		119,061		144,703	
Total expenditures				263,764		119,061		144,703	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over									
Expenditures				(61,825)		90,681		152,506	
Change in fund balances*	\$		\$	(61,825)		90,681	\$	152,506	
Fund balances - begining						(151,042)			
Fund balances - ending					\$	(60,361)			

^{*} The net change in fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation of fund balance.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds September 30, 2018

			PENSION T	RUST	FUNDS				
	Genera Employe Retireme	es	irefighters etirement	R	Police letirement	Confidential and Managerial			TOTAL
ASSETS									
Cash and short-term investments Receivables:	•	,293	\$ 2,200,170	\$	1,302,152	\$	389,707	\$	4,023,322
Accrued investment income	12	,831	118,719		-		-		131,550
Interest and dividends		-	17,500		20,559		1,032		39,091
Receivable for securities sold		-	27,321		25,048		-		52,369
Accrued interest due from Lauderhill Housing Authority		-	-		31,875		7,000		38,875
Contributions			 65,121				6,202		71,323
Total Receivables	12	,831	 228,661		77,482	_	14,234	_	333,208
Investments, at fair value									
Fixed income mutual funds	4,904	,385	-		8,575,907		6,644,709		20,125,001
Equity securities		-	35,553,350		-		-		35,553,350
U.S. Government securities		-	5,132,150		-		-		5,132,150
Corporate bonds		-	7,881,465		-		-		7,881,465
Commingled equity funds		-	19,628,033		-		-		19,628,033
Collective trust fund		-	1,435,569		-		-		1,435,569
Absolute return equity funds	2,641	•	-		31,110,538		- -		33,751,918
Domestic equity funds	13,967	,795	-		7,044,417		16,836,405		37,848,617
International equity funds	4,240	,354	-		10,081,100		5,086,422		19,407,876
Notes receivable		-	1,000,000		2,000,000		400,000		3,400,000
Real estate funds	850	,000	11,098,389		11,192,868		-		23,141,257
Farmland investment fund			 2,032,174		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		2,032,174
Investments, at fair value	26,603	,914	 83,761,130	_	70,004,830		28,967,536	_ 2	209,337,410
Total Assets	26,748	,038	86,189,961		71,384,464		29,371,477	2	213,693,940
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		_	94,024		44,801		29,708		168,533
Payable for securities purchased		_	67,279		13,075		20,700		80,354
Prepaid City contributions			 -		45,391		73,197		118,588
Total Liabilities		_	 161,303		103,267	<u></u>	102,905	·	367,475
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS		_							
Net position restricted for Deferred Retirement Option									
Plan Benefits	520	,032	463,389		-		_		983,421
Net position restricted for Supplemental Plan benefits		-	571,401		-		_		571,401
Net position restricted for Defined Benefits	26,228	,006	84,993,868		71,281,197		29,268,572	2	211,771,643
Total Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$ 26,748	,038	\$ 86,028,658	\$	71,281,197	\$	29,268,572	\$2	213,326,465

Combining Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Pension Trust Funds
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		PENSION T	RUST FUNDS		
	General Employees Retirement	Firefighters Retirement	Police Retirement	Confidential and Managerial	TOTAL
ADDITIONS					
Contributions: City Plan members State revenue	\$ 966,275 333,757 	\$ 3,586,180 1,072,585 372,790	\$ 2,499,429 954,885 438,599	\$ 2,564,476 656,622	\$ 9,616,360 3,017,849 811,389
Total contributions	1,300,032	5,031,555	3,892,913	3,221,098	13,445,598
Investment income: Net appreciation in fair value of investments Interest and dividend income Total investment income Less: Investment expenses Net investment income	1,035,232 1,454,782 2,490,014 34,561 2,455,453	6,300,816 1,409,738 7,710,554 462,181 7,248,373	3,487,227 1,732,997 5,220,224 213,790 5,006,434	575,278 1,387,014 1,962,292 36,268 1,926,024	11,398,553 5,984,531 17,383,084 746,800 16,636,284
Other income	11,666	77,074			88,740
Total additions	3,767,151	12,357,002	8,899,347	5,147,122	30,170,622
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefits paid Administrative expenses Refunds of contributions	1,459,982 74,703 105,515	4,794,601 216,523 107,919	3,950,070 10,095 141,321	1,399,550 118,430 35,165	11,604,203 419,751 389,920
Total deductions	1,640,200	5,119,043	4,101,486	1,553,145	12,413,874
Net increase	2,126,951	7,237,959	4,797,861	3,593,977	17,756,748
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS					
Net position restricted for pensions, October 1	24,621,087	78,790,699	66,483,336	25,674,595	195,569,717
Net position restricted for pensions, September 30	\$ 26,748,038	\$ 86,028,658	\$ 71,281,197	\$ 29,268,572	\$213,326,465

STATISTICAL SECTION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

This part of the City of Lauderhill's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's financial standing.

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REVENUE CAPACITY These schedules contain information to help assess the City's most significant local revenue source; the property tax.	116
DEBT CAPACITY These schedules present information to help the reader asses the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional Debt in the future.	118
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION. These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	123
OPERATING INFORMATION These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report related to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	125
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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

Covernmental Activities Net investment in capital assets \$24,156,205 \$20,325,910 \$22,182,988 \$13,181,792 \$16,202,120 \$7,419,048 \$11,419,795 \$13,443,358 \$10,392,854 \$27,336,888 Restricted 4,397,068 5,370,240 2,036,571 3,033,340 2,615,738 3,212,780 3,195,881 3,080,126 2,333,592 1,748,859 Unrestricted 2,330,325 5,550,566 1,478,691 5,321,381 3,280,234 3,049,541 (41,662,942) (40,730,139) (41,067,492) (58,607,233) Total government activities net position \$30,883,598 \$31,246,716 \$25,698,250 \$21,536,513 \$22,098,092 \$13,681,369 \$(27,047,266) \$(24,206,655) \$(28,341,046) \$(29,521,486)		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Net investment in capital assets \$ 24,156,205 \$ 20,325,910 \$ 22,182,988 \$ 13,181,792 \$ 16,202,120 \$ 7,419,048 \$ 11,419,795 \$ 13,443,358 \$ 10,392,854 \$ 27,336,888 Restricted 4,397,068 5,370,240 2,036,571 3,033,340 2,615,738 3,212,780 3,195,881 3,080,126 2,333,592 1,748,699 Unrestricted 2,330,325 5,550,566 1,478,691 5,321,381 3,280,234 3,049,541 (41,662,942) (40,730,139) (41,067,492) (58,607,233) Total government activities net position \$ 30,883,598 \$31,246,716 \$ 25,698,250 \$ 21,536,513 \$ 22,098,092 \$ 13,681,369 \$(27,047,266) \$(24,206,655) \$(28,341,046) \$(29,521,486) Business Activities Net investment in capital assets \$ 12,292,025 \$15,557,718 \$ 17,163,711 \$ 16,583,392 \$ 22,272,644 \$ 33,559,984 \$ 37,741,534 \$ 41,446,576 \$ 40,950,402 \$ 44,133,487 Restricted 3,200,000 4,911,700 11,317,275 2,000,000 1,000,000 200,000 200,000 20	Governmental Activities										
Restricted 4,397,068 5,370,240 2,036,571 3,033,340 2,615,738 3,212,780 3,195,881 3,080,126 2,333,592 1,748,699 1,478,699 5,321,381 3,280,234 3,049,541 (41,662,942) (40,730,139) (41,067,492) (58,607,233) (58,607,233) (41,067,492) (58,607,233) (41,067,492) (41,662,942) (41		\$ 24.156.205	\$20.325.910	\$ 22.182.988	\$ 13.181.792	\$ 16.202.120	\$ 7.419.048	\$ 11.419.795	\$ 13.443.358	\$ 10.392.854	\$ 27.336.888
Unrestricted 2,330,325 5,550,566 1,478,691 5,321,381 3,280,234 3,049,541 (41,662,942) (40,730,139) (41,067,492) (58,607,233) Total government activities net position \$30,883,598 \$31,246,716 \$25,698,250 \$21,536,513 \$22,098,092 \$13,681,369 \$(27,047,266) \$(24,206,655) \$(28,341,046) \$(29,521,486)\$ Business Activities Net investment in capital assets \$12,292,025 \$15,557,718 \$17,163,711 \$16,583,392 \$22,272,644 \$33,559,984 \$37,741,534 \$41,446,576 \$40,950,402 \$44,133,487 Restricted 3,200,000 4,911,700 11,317,275 2,000,000 1,000,000 200,000 200,000 200,000 200,000 Unrestricted 13,532,070 12,637,267 7,075,980 24,493,356 24,400,278 28,706,475 22,351,885 24,479,585 30,425,983 31,969,658 Total business-type activities net position \$29,024,095 \$33,106,685 \$35,556,966 \$43,076,748 \$47,672,922 \$62,266,459 \$60,093,419 \$66,126,161 \$71,576,385 \$76,303,145 Total: Net investment in capital assets \$36,448,230 \$35,883,628 \$39,346,699 \$29,765,184 \$38,474,764 \$40,979,032 \$49,161,329 \$54,889,934 \$51,343,256 \$71,470,375 Restricted 7,597,068 10,281,940 13,353,846 5,033,340 3,615,738 3,212,780 3,195,881 3,280,126 2,533,592 1,948,859 Unrestricted 15,862,395 18,187,833 8,554,671 29,814,737 27,680,512 31,756,016 (19,311,057) (16,250,554) (10,641,509) (26,637,575)	'										
Total government activities net position \$\frac{\\$30,883,598}{\\$31,246,716}\$\$\frac{\\$25,698,250}{\\$21,536,513}\$\$\frac{\\$22,098,092}{\\$21,536,513}\$\$\frac{\\$32,098,092}{\\$21,3681,369}\$\$\frac{\\$32,7047,266}{\\$27,047,266}\$\$\frac{\\$42,206,655}{\\$24,206,655}\$\$\frac{\\$42,310,46}{\\$28,341,046}\$\$\frac{\\$29,521,486}{\\$29,521,486}\$\$ Business Activities Net investment in capital assets \$\frac{12,292,025}{32,000,000}\$\$\frac{15,557,718}{4,911,700}\$\$\frac{11,317,275}{11,317,275}\$\$\frac{2,000,000}{2,000,000}\$\$\frac{1,000,000}{1,000,000}\$\$	Unrestricted				, ,						
Net investment in capital assets \$ 12,292,025 \$15,557,718 \$ 17,163,711 \$ 16,583,392 \$ 22,272,644 \$ 33,559,984 \$ 37,741,534 \$ 41,446,576 \$ 40,950,402 \$ 44,133,487 Restricted 3,200,000 4,911,700 11,317,275 2,000,000 1,000,000 200,000 200,000 200,000 Unrestricted 13,532,070 12,637,267 7,075,980 24,493,356 24,400,278 28,706,475 22,351,885 24,479,585 30,425,983 31,969,658 Total business-type activities net position \$ 29,024,095 \$ 33,106,685 \$ 35,556,966 \$ 43,076,748 \$ 47,672,922 \$ 62,266,459 \$ 60,093,419 \$ 66,126,161 \$ 71,576,385 \$ 76,303,145 Total: Net investment in capital assets \$ 36,448,230 \$ 35,883,628 \$ 39,346,699 \$ 29,765,184 \$ 38,474,764 \$ 40,979,032 \$ 49,161,329 \$ 54,889,934 \$ 51,343,256 \$ 71,470,375 Restricted 7,597,068 10,281,940 13,353,846 5,033,340 3,615,738 3,212,780 3,195,881 3,280,126 2,533,592 <td>Total government activities net position</td> <td></td>	Total government activities net position										
Net investment in capital assets \$ 12,292,025 \$15,557,718 \$ 17,163,711 \$ 16,583,392 \$ 22,272,644 \$ 33,559,984 \$ 37,741,534 \$ 41,446,576 \$ 40,950,402 \$ 44,133,487 Restricted 3,200,000 4,911,700 11,317,275 2,000,000 1,000,000 200,000 200,000 200,000 Unrestricted 13,532,070 12,637,267 7,075,980 24,493,356 24,400,278 28,706,475 22,351,885 24,479,585 30,425,983 31,969,658 Total business-type activities net position \$ 29,024,095 \$ 33,106,685 \$ 35,556,966 \$ 43,076,748 \$ 47,672,922 \$ 62,266,459 \$ 60,093,419 \$ 66,126,161 \$ 71,576,385 \$ 76,303,145 Total: Net investment in capital assets \$ 36,448,230 \$ 35,883,628 \$ 39,346,699 \$ 29,765,184 \$ 38,474,764 \$ 40,979,032 \$ 49,161,329 \$ 54,889,934 \$ 51,343,256 \$ 71,470,375 Restricted 7,597,068 10,281,940 13,353,846 5,033,340 3,615,738 3,212,780 3,195,881 3,280,126 2,533,592 <td></td>											
Restricted 3,200,000 4,911,700 11,317,275 2,000,000 1,000,000 - - - 200,000 200,000 200,000 Unrestricted 13,532,070 12,637,267 7,075,980 24,493,356 24,400,278 28,706,475 22,351,885 24,479,585 30,425,983 31,969,658 Total business-type activities net position \$29,024,095 \$33,106,685 \$35,556,966 \$43,076,748 \$47,672,922 \$62,266,459 \$60,093,419 \$66,126,161 \$71,576,385 \$76,303,145 Total: Net investment in capital assets \$36,448,230 \$35,883,628 \$39,346,699 \$29,765,184 \$38,474,764 \$40,979,032 \$49,161,329 \$54,889,934 \$51,343,256 \$71,470,375 Restricted 7,597,068 10,281,940 13,353,846 5,033,340 3,615,738 3,212,780 3,195,881 3,280,126 2,533,592 1,948,859 Unrestricted 15,862,395 18,187,833 8,554,671 29,814,737 27,680,512 31,756,016 (19,311,057) (16,250,554) (10,641,509)	Business Activities										
Unrestricted 13,532,070 12,637,267 7,075,980 24,493,356 24,400,278 28,706,475 22,351,885 24,479,585 30,425,983 31,969,658 Total business-type activities net position \$29,024,095 \$33,106,685 \$35,556,966 \$43,076,748 \$47,672,922 \$62,266,459 \$60,093,419 \$66,126,161 \$71,576,385 \$76,303,145 Total: Net investment in capital assets \$36,448,230 \$35,883,628 \$39,346,699 \$29,765,184 \$38,474,764 \$40,979,032 \$49,161,329 \$54,889,934 \$51,343,256 \$71,470,375 Restricted 7,597,068 10,281,940 13,353,846 5,033,340 3,615,738 3,212,780 3,195,881 3,280,126 2,533,592 1,948,859 Unrestricted 15,862,395 18,187,833 8,554,671 29,814,737 27,680,512 31,756,016 (19,311,057) (16,250,554) (10,641,509) (26,637,575)	Net investment in capital assets	\$ 12,292,025	\$15,557,718	\$ 17,163,711	\$ 16,583,392	\$ 22,272,644	\$ 33,559,984	\$ 37,741,534	\$ 41,446,576	\$ 40,950,402	\$ 44,133,487
Total business-type activities net position \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Restricted	3,200,000	4,911,700	11,317,275	2,000,000	1,000,000	-		200,000	200,000	200,000
Total: Net investment in capital assets \$ 36,448,230 \$ 35,883,628 \$ 39,346,699 \$ 29,765,184 \$ 38,474,764 \$ 40,979,032 \$ 49,161,329 \$ 54,889,934 \$ 51,343,256 \$ 71,470,375 Restricted 7,597,068 10,281,940 13,353,846 5,033,340 3,615,738 3,212,780 3,195,881 3,280,126 2,533,592 1,948,859 Unrestricted 15,862,395 18,187,833 8,554,671 29,814,737 27,680,512 31,756,016 (19,311,057) (16,250,554) (10,641,509) (26,637,575)	Unrestricted	13,532,070	12,637,267	7,075,980	24,493,356	24,400,278	28,706,475	22,351,885	24,479,585	30,425,983	31,969,658
Net investment in capital assets \$ 36,448,230 \$ 35,883,628 \$ 39,346,699 \$ 29,765,184 \$ 38,474,764 \$ 40,979,032 \$ 49,161,329 \$ 54,889,934 \$ 51,343,256 \$ 71,470,375 Restricted 7,597,068 10,281,940 13,353,846 5,033,340 3,615,738 3,212,780 3,195,881 3,280,126 2,533,592 1,948,859 Unrestricted 15,862,395 18,187,833 8,554,671 29,814,737 27,680,512 31,756,016 (19,311,057) (16,250,554) (10,641,509) (26,637,575)	Total business-type activities net position	\$ 29,024,095	\$33,106,685	\$ 35,556,966	\$ 43,076,748	\$ 47,672,922	\$ 62,266,459	\$ 60,093,419	\$ 66,126,161	\$ 71,576,385	\$ 76,303,145
Net investment in capital assets \$ 36,448,230 \$ 35,883,628 \$ 39,346,699 \$ 29,765,184 \$ 38,474,764 \$ 40,979,032 \$ 49,161,329 \$ 54,889,934 \$ 51,343,256 \$ 71,470,375 Restricted 7,597,068 10,281,940 13,353,846 5,033,340 3,615,738 3,212,780 3,195,881 3,280,126 2,533,592 1,948,859 Unrestricted 15,862,395 18,187,833 8,554,671 29,814,737 27,680,512 31,756,016 (19,311,057) (16,250,554) (10,641,509) (26,637,575)	Total:										
Restricted 7,597,068 10,281,940 13,353,846 5,033,340 3,615,738 3,212,780 3,195,881 3,280,126 2,533,592 1,948,859 Unrestricted 15,862,395 18,187,833 8,554,671 29,814,737 27,680,512 31,756,016 (19,311,057) (16,250,554) (10,641,509) (26,637,575)		\$ 36,448,230	\$35,883,628	\$ 39,346,699	\$ 29,765,184	\$ 38,474,764	\$ 40,979,032	\$ 49,161,329	\$ 54,889,934	\$ 51,343,256	\$ 71,470,375
	'						3,212,780				
	Unrestricted	15,862,395	18,187,833	8,554,671	29,814,737	27,680,512	31,756,016	(19,311,057)	(16,250,554)	(10,641,509)	(26,637,575)
	Total net position	\$ 59,907,693	\$64,353,401	\$ 61,255,216	\$ 64,613,261	\$ 69,771,014	\$ 75,947,828	\$ 33,046,153	\$ 41,919,506	\$ 43,235,339	

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
EXPENSES										
Governmental Activities										
General Government	\$ 11,264,320	\$ 12,990,449	\$ 12,419,477	\$ 12,627,083	\$ 10,251,322	\$ 11,676,450	\$ 11,832,581	\$ 12,198,669	\$ 15,788,780	\$ 14,846,736
Public Safety	32,537,466	33,387,260	31,673,615	36,483,202	35,347,845	36,505,031	41,266,892	37,687,877	43,297,109	45,504,305
Public Works	6,491,970	5,421,282	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Physical Environment	-	-	4,523,931	4,556,731	3,078,233	3,688,905	3,741,937	3,320,971	3,262,637	2,731,319
Transportation	-	-	1,202,644	2,548,863	2,794,920	2,490,663	2,307,102	2,302,723	2,691,309	2,857,403
Recreation and Social Sevices	7,089,302	7,450,136	8,604,826	6,415,018	8,182,418	7,907,784	8,884,752	9,138,237	10,826,015	8,836,563
Interest on long-term debt	2,478,666	2,384,424	2,475,944	2,786,822	2,875,566	3,033,403	2,869,306	2,491,542	2,719,475	4,123,919
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	59,861,724	61,633,551	60,900,437	65,417,719	62,530,304	65,302,236	70,902,570	67,140,019	78,585,325	78,900,245
Business-type Activities										
Water and Sewer	13,260,962	14,331,033	15,917,186	15,002,150	16,451,957	16,825,053	18,005,856	17,722,190	17,533,535	18,070,485
Stormwater	3,702,211	4,712,486	4,266,871	4,242,358	5,061,828	4,532,290	4,542,898	3,200,739	4,823,304	5,052,192
Performing Art		400	38,871					1,049,950	1,292,690	4,049,859
Total Business-type Activites Expenses	16,963,173	19,043,919	20,222,928	19,244,508	21,513,785	21,357,343	22,548,754	21,972,879	23,649,529	27,172,536
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 76,824,897	\$ 80,677,470	\$ 81,123,365	\$ 84,662,227	\$ 84,044,089	\$ 86,659,579	\$ 93,451,324	\$ 89,112,898	\$102,234,854	\$ 106,072,781
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governmental Activities										
Charges for Services										
General Government	\$ 2,051,614	\$ 2,497,796	\$ 3,042,987	\$ 2,676,589	\$ 2,982,745	\$ 3,123,087	\$ 3,749,250	\$ 3,508,624	\$ 3,610,845	\$ 4,896,258
Public Safety	9,373,245	11,562,332	11,245,316	17,713,085	17,972,874	18,156,100	15,857,166	17,638,059	18,572,395	17,459,387
Recreation and Social Sevices	283,526	184,650	168,015	94,961	158,339	297,546	282,442	307,066	213,453	242,430
Transportation			98,314	80,771	1,564	5,249	1,700	1,494	7,320	387
Operating Grants/ Contributions	3,238,350	6,987,592	4,055,407	3,233,682	2,930,632	955,178	2,356,168	2,197,337	2,802,190	2,859,621
Capital Grants/Contributions	-	36,859	654,640	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Governmental Activities Program										
Revenues	14,946,735	21,269,229	19,264,679	23,799,088	24,046,154	22,537,160	22,246,726	23,652,580	25,206,203	25,458,083
Business-type Activites										
Water and Sewer	14,643,598	18,688,110	17,172,007	15,978,038	16,936,949	17,147,012	18,193,371	21,122,088	22,038,700	22,399,139
Stormwater	3,965,906	4,329,392	5,028,664	5,701,690	5,968,523	5,822,334	6,007,958	5,947,705	6,199,549	7,029,590
Performing Arts	0,000,000	1,020,002	-	-	-	-	-	5,000	317,737	409,933
Capital Grants/Contributions	_	_		2,622,188	3,190,121	5,678,309	132,201	7,909	-	-
Total Business-type Activites Program				2,022,100	0,100,121	0,010,000	102,201	1,000		
Revenues	18,609,504	23,017,502	22,200,671	24,301,916	26,095,593	28,647,655	24,333,530	27,082,702	28,555,986	29,838,662
Total Primary Government Program		20,011,002		2 1,00 1,0 10	20,000,000	20,011,000	2.,000,000	21,002,102		20,000,002
Revenues	\$ 33,556,239	\$ 44,286,731	\$ 41,465,350	\$ 48,101,004	\$ 50,141,747	\$ 51,184,815	\$ 46,580,256	\$ 50,735,282	\$ 53,762,189	\$ 55,296,745
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE										
Governmental Activities	\$ (44,914,989)	\$(40,364,322)	\$ (41,635,758)	\$(41,618,631)	\$(38,484,150)	\$(42,765,076)	\$(48,655,844)	\$(43,487,439)	\$ (53,379,122)	\$ (53,442,162)
Business-type Activities	1,646,331	3,973,583	1,977,743	5,057,408	4,581,808	7,290,312	1,784,776	5,109,823	4,906,457	2,666,126
**										
Total Primary Government Net Revenue	\$ (43,268,658)	\$(36,390,739)	\$ (39,658,015)	\$(36,561,223)	\$(33,902,342)	\$(35,474,764)	\$(46,871,068)	\$(38,377,616)	\$ (48,472,665)	\$ (50,776,036)

Changes in Net Position-Continued Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS Governmental Activities											
Property Taxes	\$ 15.955.227	\$ 15,92	.086	\$ 12,932,606	\$ 14,379,270	\$ 14,749,938	\$ 15,752,313	\$ 16,535,701	\$ 18,155,144	\$ 19,744,092	\$ 23,035,744
Other Taxes	12,662,694	13,38	,	12,538,173	12,180,315	11,912,135	12,759,724	13,147,314	13,456,265	13,551,681	13,927,469
Investment Earnings	459,343		,141	207,339	117,479	70,703	175,167	82,774	56,283	136,148	336,783
Other	8,866,132	10,92	,606	11,709,383	10,779,830	12,312,953	13,015,519	18,530,714	17,061,851	16,312,810	18,517,368
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Land		-							249,621		
Sale of capital assets	15,144	-		-		-	-				
Transfers		-					(7,336,239)	(1,209,821)	(910,600)	(500,000)	(900,000)
Total Governmental Activities Revenues	37,958,540	40,72	,440	37,387,501	37,456,894	39,045,729	34,366,484	47,086,682	48,068,564	49,244,731	54,917,364
Business-type Activities											
Investment Earnings	\$ 36,658	\$ 10	,007	\$ 32,538	\$ 56,318	\$ 14,366	\$ 214,983	\$ 232,573	\$ 12,319	\$ 43,767	\$ 128,687
Miscellaneous	-	-		440,000	2,406,056	•			-		1,415,096
Transfers				•			7,336,239	1,209,821	910,600	500,000	900,000
Total Business-type Activites Revenues	36,658	10	,007	472,538	2,462,374	14,366	7,551,222	1,442,394	922,919	543,767	2,443,783
Total Primary Government Revenues	\$ 37,995,198	\$ 40,83	,447	\$ 37,860,039	\$ 39,919,268	\$ 39,060,095	\$ 41,917,706	\$ 48,529,076	\$ 48,991,483	\$ 49,788,498	\$ 57,361,147
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE											
Governmental Activities	\$ (6,956,449)	,	,118	\$ (4,248,257)	\$ (4,161,737)	\$ 561,579	\$ (8,398,592)	\$ (1,569,162)	\$ 4,581,125	\$ (4,134,391)	\$ 1,475,202
Business-type Activities	1,646,331	4,08		2,450,281	7,519,782	4,596,174	14,841,534	3,227,170	6,032,742	5,450,224	5,109,909
Total Primary Government	\$ (5,310,118)	\$ 4,44	,708	\$ (1,797,976)	\$ 3,358,045	\$ 5,157,753	\$ 6,442,942	\$ 1,658,008	\$ 10,613,867	\$ 1,315,833	\$ 6,585,111

Fund Balances-Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ 1,348,172	\$ 1,152,662	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	6,215,673	5,237,482	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	166,778	219,609	659,357	4,570,887	3,950,388	5,797,443	4,327,408	4,370,987
Restricted	-	-	446,493	542,471	555,090	358,694	281,471	186,703	116,223	119,553
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	4,239,121	932,248	2,385,379	2,748,582	6,704,712	5,088,840	5,661,776	5,661,776
Unassigned	-	-	5,403,528	7,296,934	7,990,080	8,078,178	6,407,524	6,903,093	6,024,213	6,619,338
	\$ 7,563,845	\$ 6,390,144	\$ 10,255,920	\$8,991,262	\$ 11,589,906	\$ 15,756,341	\$ 17,344,095	\$ 17,976,079	\$ 16,129,620	\$ 16,771,654
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	\$ 3,687,422	\$ 4,806,205	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Reserved Reported In										
Special Revenue	(644,168)	(524,064)	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Capital Project	43,293	5,313,431	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable			2,888,575	2,888,575	2,888,575	2,888,575	2,228,575	2,228,575	2,099,137	-
Restricted	-		107,282	565	565	565	565	565	335,565	2,493,822
Committed	-	-	9,994,625	4,753,373	12,585,179	1,620,666	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-		1,482,796	2,052,735	1,780,746	4,954,831	2,858,629	3,784,567	36,418,714	40,644,386
Unassigned	-	-	(3,693,435)	(3,551,218)	(3,733,318)	(8,960,775)	(10,343,453)	(12,895,048)	(13,422,021)	(17,113,264)
•	\$ 3,086,547	\$ 9,595,572	\$ 10,779,843	\$6,144,030	\$ 13,521,747	\$ 503,862	\$ (5,255,684)	\$ (6,881,341)	\$ 25,431,395	\$ 26,024,944

Note: Information for fiscal years 2009 to 2010 have not been restated for Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 classifications.

Changes in fund Balances-Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
REVENUES										
Property Taxes	\$15,955,227	\$ 15,921,086	\$ 12,932,608	\$14,379,270	\$14,749,937	\$15,752,313	\$16,535,701	\$18,155,146	\$19,744,092	\$23,035,744
Franchise Taxes	3,968,536	4,552,969	4,133,917	3,912,249	3,614,238	4,217,704	4,405,487	4,440,784	4,394,459	4,566,695
Public Service Taxes	8,694,157	8,831,638	8,404,256	8,268,066	8,297,897	8,542,020	8,741,827	9,015,481	9,157,222	9,360,774
Charges for services	10,040,958	11,276,229	11,221,702	16,963,862	17,841,126	17,909,475	15,409,625	17,278,595	17,896,627	16,984,051
Administrative Charges	3,624,548	4,713,999	5,344,558	5,073,029	4,957,242	5,108,603	7,903,572	8,314,619	7,961,360	8,107,649
Intergovermental	8,143,497	12,191,590	11,229,104	8,233,766	9,277,197	8,116,564	11,347,439	10,280,240	10,200,702	11,292,180
License and Permits	1,916,602	2,057,512	1,952,467	2,222,920	2,417,456	2,583,521	1,971,292	3,003,092	3,394,687	4,416,241
Fines and Forfeiture	691,736	677,075	585,134	1,378,623	764,389	1,088,252	1,239,761	1,151,164	1,411,015	808,358
Investment Income	459,343	496,141	207,313	117,479	70,703	175,167	82,774	78,674	136,148	336,783
Rental Income	255,757	255,560	361,587	369,315	447,600	379,910	368,960	392,140	415,496	637,157
Other	84,103	1,598,548	279,534	337,403	685,154	518,815	3,022,491	356,646	669,787	1,074,138
Total Revenue	53,834,464	62,572,347	56,652,180	61,255,982	63,122,939	64,392,344	71,028,929	72,466,581	75,381,595	80,619,770
Total Revenue	33,034,404	02,312,341	30,032,100	01,233,302	03,122,333	04,332,344	11,020,323	12,400,301	10,301,333	00,019,770
EXPENDITURE										
Current:										
General Government	10,886,907	12,734,557	11,607,562	12,270,763	9,615,531	11,169,703	10,569,176	12,199,661	15,478,401	14,692,486
Public Safety	31,044,616	31,901,233	30,277,908	35,424,845	33,665,496	35,364,606	37,072,694	38,528,388	40,576,266	44,931,045
Public Work	5,620,699	5,086,473		-	-	-	-			
Physical environment	-	-	4,209,013	4,339,131	2,792,573	3,465,528	3,387,963	3,159,961	3,013,909	2,480,054
Transportation	-	-	676,078	2,078,314	2,264,951	1,957,271	1,719,003	1,802,477	2,125,648	2,347,223
Recreation and social services	6,136,233	8,392,014	7,132,328	5,101,008	6,583,836	6,436,763	6,866,763	7,892,902	9,137,460	7,461,552
Debt Service:										
Principal retirement	2,124,992	2,159,247	2,284,670	2,824,579	3,439,512	4,469,488	6,649,251	5,106,888	5,056,358	5,755,979
Interest and issuance cost	2,359,299	2,319,841	2,475,944	1,704,290	2,708,991	2,987,542	3,018,959	2,667,394	2,656,960	4,090,905
Capital Outlay:	7,926,487	5,224,302	4,516,269	3,413,523	3,510,509	2,817,317	5,624,220	1,993,635	3,047,241	9,954,556
Total Expenditures	66,099,233	67,817,667	63,179,772	67,156,453	64,581,399	68,668,218	74,908,029	73,351,306	81,092,243	91,713,800
Excess Revenue Over (Under										
Expenditures	(12,264,769)	(5,245,320)	(6,527,592)	(5,900,471)	(1,458,460)	(4,275,874)	(3,879,100)	(884,725)	(5,710,648)	(11,094,030)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE (USES)										
Transfer In	10.042.142	6.102.670	11.470.253	7,238,055	6.488.401	11.707.672	8,789,100	8.784.449	9.455.309	9.959.277
Transfer Out	(10,042,142)	(6,102,670)	(11,470,253)	(7,238,055)	(6,488,401)	(19,043,911)	(9,998,921)	(9,695,049)	(9,955,309)	(10,859,277)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(62,000)	(108,250)	(225,576)	-	(214,716)	(61,029)	(27,005,514)	-	-	-
Refunding bonds issued		-	- 1		,	- '	25,265,000		-	
Premium on bonds (refunding) issued	-	-	-				1,740,514		1,416,925	329,613
Issuance of debt	7,054,000	10,065,000	11,803,215	-	11,225,000	2,060,000		-	35,260,000	8,900,000
Capital leases	576,841	-	-	-	424,537	175,658	1,402,829		-	4,000,000
Advance	(554,000)	-	-						-	
Sale of capital assets	15,144	-	-	-	-		-	801,652	-	
Loss on sale	-	-	-		-		(485,700)		-	-
Insurance recoveries	-	623,894	-		-		/		-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses	7,029,985	10,580,644	11,577,639	-	11,434,821	(5,161,610)	(292,692)	(108,948)	36,176,925	12,329,613
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (5,234,784)	\$ 5,335,324	\$ 5,050,047	\$ (5,900,471)	\$ 9,976,361	\$ (9,437,484)	\$ (4,171,792)	\$ (993,673)	\$30,466,277	\$ 1,235,583
Dobt Sarvice as a Percentage of										
Debt Service as a Percentage of Non-capital Expenditures	7.71%	7.16%	8.12%	7.10%	10.07%	11.32%	13.95%	10.89%	9.88%	12.04%
Non-capital Experiultures	1.11%	1.10%	0.12%	1.10%	10.07%	11.32%	13.95%	10.09%	9.00%	12.04%

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

							TOTAL TAXABLE	TOTAL				
FISCAL YEAR	TAX ROLL YEAR	RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY	COMMERICIAL PROPERTY	INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY	ALL OTHER PROPERTIES	HOMESTEAD	GOVERNMENTAL	INSTITUTIONAL	SAVE OUR HOMES	OTHER	ASSESSED VALUE	DIRECT TAX RATE
2009	2008	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$ 380,328,250	\$ 246,808,100	\$ 98,329,092	\$ 1,176,566,740	\$ 1,013,308	\$ 3,035,752,766	5.9346
2010	2009	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	629,541,380	246,808,100	106,601,588	868,255,460	8,263,680	2,776,843,012	6.9274
2011	2010	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	591,870,172	269,469,940	207,596,040	407,855,100	7,723,220	2,376,012,968	7.1954
2012	2011	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	508,426,900	281,891,010	103,825,609	103,549,150	7,354,630	1,852,925,615	8.0949
2013	2012	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	459,112,080	288,509,821	85,296,229	86,673,880	7,062,740	1,754,261,980	8.7002
2014	2013	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	448,525,450	294,876,428	87,551,121	153,744,933	7,229,440	1,808,062,038	8.6502
2015	2014	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	441,644,030	300,290,287	93,175,377	317,459,390	7,209,630	1,909,152,144	8.6502
2016	2015	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	436,481,910	303,231,926	60,198,365	507,960,920	8,987,240	2,128,509,560	8.6615
2017	2016	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	438,772,150	321,568,319	61,817,249	625,613,360	26,115,500	2,271,574,340	8.6180
2018	2017	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	448,308,960	321,330,455	73,644,631	782,048,670	26,749,282	2,461,582,402	9.5364

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser

Property Tax Millage Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Year

City of Lauderhill							(Verlapping Rat	es						
					В	roward County	,	School Bo	oard of Browar	d County		So. Florida	Florida	North	
			Debt	Total		Debt	Total		Debt	Total		Water	Inland	Broward	
Fiscal	Tax	Operating	Service	City	Operating	Service	County	Operating	Service	School Board	Childrens	Management	Navigational	Hospital	Total Tax
Year	Roll	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Services	District	District	District	Rate
2009	2008	5.0646	0.8700	5.9346		-	5.3145	7.4170		7.4170	0.3754	0.6240	0.0345	1.7059	21.4059
2010	2009	5.9574	0.9700	6.9274	4.8889	0.5000	5.3889	7.4310		7.4310	0.4243	0.6240	0.0345	1.7059	22.5360
2011	2010	5.9574	1.2380	7.1954	5.1021	0.4509	5.5530	7.6310		7.6310	0.4696	0.6240	0.0345	1.8750	23.3825
2012	2011	6.8198	1.2751	8.0949	5.1860	0.3670	5.5530	7.4180		7.4180	0.4789	0.4363	0.0345	1.8750	23.8906
2013	2012	7.4198	1.2804	8.7002	5.2576	0.2954	5.5530	7.4560		7.4560	0.4902	0.4289	0.0345	1.8564	24.5192
2014	2013	7.3698	1.2804	8.6502	5.4400	0.2830	5.7230	7.4800		7.4800	0.4882	0.4110	0.0345	1.7554	24.5423
2015	2014	7.3698	1.2804	8.6502	5.4584	0.2646	5.7230	7.4380		7.4380	0.4882	0.3842	0.0345	1.5939	24.3120
2016	2015	7.5898	1.0717	8.6615	5.4741	0.2489	5.7230	7.2030	0.0710	7.2740	0.4882	0.3551	0.0320	1.4425	23.9763
2017	2016	7.5898	1.0282	8.6180	5.4474	0.2216	5.6690	6.8360	0.0703	6.9063	0.4882	0.3307	0.0320	1.3462	23.3904
2018	2017	7.5898	1.9466	9.5364	5.4623	0.2067	5.6690	6.4740	0.0654	6.5394	0.4882	0.3100	0.0320	1.2483	23.8233
Source	e: Browa	ard County Prop	erty Appraise	ſ.											

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

				2018		
TAXPAYER	TYPE OF BUSINESS	-	FAXABLE SSESSED VALUE	RANK	PERCENT OF TOTAL ASSESSED VALUE	
Serramar Apts Holdings LLC (Apartments)	Real Estate	\$	41,800,000	1	1.7%	
Tmif Glen LLC (Apartments)	Real Estate		41,620,290	2	1.7%	
Pacifica Lauderhill LLC (Retirement Home)	Service		32,856,090	3	1.3%	
Waterford Park Apartment LLC (Apartments)	Real Estate		32,525,420	4	1.3%	
Daejan Inverrary Gardens LLC (Apartments)	Real Estate		31,226,330	5	1.3%	
Sandal Grove LLC (Apartments)	Real Estate		26,620,000	6	1.1%	
Kimco Dev Corp (Shopping Center)	Retail		20,367,000	7	0.8%	
Summit Palms Apartments LLC (Apartments)	Real Estate		19,923,000	8	0.8%	

				2009			
					PERCENT		
			TAXABLE		OF TOTAL		
	TYPE OF	P	ASSESSED		ASSESSED		
TAXPAYER	BUSINESS		VALUE	RANK	VALUE		
Westbrooke of Inverrary (Retirement Home)	Sevice	\$	21,824,360	1	0.9%		
Landings of Inverrary (Apartments)	Real Estate		21,103,930	2	0.9%		
Inverrary Gardens (Apartments)	Real Estate		19,782,210	3	0.8%		
Target Corporation (Shopping Center)	Retail		19,530,420	4	0.8%		
Kimco Development (Shopping Center)	Retail		15,693,510	5	0.7%		
Rossland Real Estate (Lauderhill Mall)	Retail		14,266,500	6	0.6%		
Inverrary Apartments LLC (Apartments)	Real Estate		14,119,460	7	0.6%		
Inverrary 441 Trust (Apartments)	Real Estate		10,007,960	8	0.4%		

Source: City of Lauderhill Finance Department

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	TAXES LEVIED COLLECTION WITHIN TH							Ţ	TOTAL COLLECTION TO DATE			
		FOR THE	FISCAL	YEAR OF THE LEVY		C	OLLECTIONS					
FISCAL		FISCAL			PERCENTAGE	IN S	SUBSEQUENT			PERCENT	AGE	
<u>YEAR</u>		<u>YEAR</u>		<u>AMOUNT</u>	OF LEVY		<u>YEARS</u>		<u>AMOUNT</u>	OF LEV	<u>Y</u>	
2009	\$	14,063,408	\$	13,953,535	99.22	\$	141,571	\$	14,101,893	99	.27%	
2010		14,157,121		13,632,070	96.29		123,964		13,773,641	97	.29%	
2011		11,129,627		10,825,254	97.27		116,673		10,949,218	98	.38%	
2012		11,887,054		11,550,580	97.17		98,177		11,667,253	98	.15%	
2013		12,415,310		12,272,124	98.85		128,490		12,370,301	99	.64%	
2014		13,116,133		12,720,538	96.98		121,217		12,849,028	97	.96%	
2015		13,929,300		13,468,609	96.69		127,652		13,589,826	97	.56%	
2016		15,696,380		15,272,578	97.30		66,410		15,400,230	98	.11%	
2017		17,231,953		17,145,384	99.50		68,511		17,211,794	99	.88%	
2018		18,738,162		18,557,167	99.03		-		18,625,678	99	.40%	

Source: Office of Broward County Revenue Collections

Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Dollars in Thousands Except Percentage of Personal Income & Per Capita)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

FISCAL YEAR	OBL	ENERAL LIGATION BONDS	 EVENUE BONDS	DEVEL	NOMIC LOPMENT PAYABLE	•	PITAL SES	RI	ATER & SEWER EVENUE BONDS	RE	RMWATER EVENUE ONDS	RE\	STATE /OLVING FUND .OANS	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	PERCENTAGE OF PERSONAL INCOME	PER \PITA*
2009	\$	31,200	\$ 22,195	\$	7,901	\$	458	\$	22,195	\$	10,780	\$	8,570	\$ 103,299	0.03	\$ 1,359
2010		30,220	31,335		9,001		298		21,175		10,360		8,472	110,861	0.04	1,459
2011		29,205	41,505		8,926		736		20,125		9,960		8,200	118,657	0.06	1,774
2012		28,155	39,888		8,926		576		24,050		9,540		7,682	118,817	0.06	1,776
2013		27,070	38,212		19,631		842		22,950		9,105		7,155	124,965	0.07	1,868
2014		25,945	38,188		18,590		798		21,530		10,705		6,612	122,368	0.06	1,753
2015		23,350	35,702		17,513	1	,710		20,060		9,930		6,053	114,318	0.06	1,637
2016		22,225	33,332		16,404	1	,208		16,830		9,220		5,413	104,632	0.05	1,499
2017		59,194	30,967		15,258		823		16,535		8,550		4,887	136,214	0.07	1,951
2018		66,497	28,532		14,073	4	,426		15,045		7,865		4,279	140,717	0.06	1,955

See Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 123 for population data.

Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Laci	. Tott i local i caro			
FISCAL (ENERAL LIGATION BONDS	LESS: AMOUNTS AVAILABLE IN DEBT SERVICE FUND			NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT	PERCENTAGE OF ACTUAL TAXABLE VALUE OF PROPERTY *	PER CAPITA **	
2009	\$	31,200	\$	-	\$	31,200	1.31	\$	411
2010		30,220		-		30,220	1.27		398
2011		29,205		-		29,205	1.58		437
2012		28,155		-		28,155	1.60		421
2013		27,070		-		27,070	1.54		405
2014		25,945		-		25,945	1.43		372
2015		23,350		-		23,350	1.22		334
2016		22,225		718		21,507	1.04		308
2017		59,194		725		58,469	2.61		838
2018		66,497		743		65,754	2.70		914

See Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual value of Taxable Property on page 115 for property value data.

^{*} See Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 123 for population data.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Net Debt September, 30 2018

GOVERNMENTAL UNIT	NET DEBT OUTSTANDING	ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE APPLICABLE	ESTIMATED SHARE OF OVERLAPPING NET DEBT
Broward County			
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 207,550,000	1.39%	\$ 2,894,743
Broward County School Board			
General Obligation Bonds	148,225,000	1.39%	2,067,325
Subtotal Overlapping Debt			4,962,068
City of lauderhill Direct Debt			
General Obligation Debt	66,497,000 *	100.00%	66,497,000
Revenue Bonds	28,532,000	100.00%	28,532,000
Capital Lease	4,426,000	100.00%	4,426,000
Notes Payable	14,073,000	100.00%	14,073,000
Subtotal Direct Debt			113,528,000
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt		\$	118,490,068

Sources: Assesed value data used to estimate applicable percentages was provided by the Broward County Property Appraiser. Debt outstanding data was provided by each governmental unit.

* includes premium

Revenue Bond Coverages Last Ten Fiscal Years

Water and Sewer Revenue Bond Issues

Operating Income Before Depreciation, Amortization and

Fiscal	Operating Grant Expens	es Debt	Times
Year	Plus Interest Income	Service	Coverage
2009	\$ 3,343,077	\$ 1,927,139	1.73
2010	6,744,874	1,909,006	3.53
2011	3,500,718	3 1,901,806	1.84
2012	3,211,917	7 1,887,425	1.70
2013	3,143,906	2,321,488	1.35
2014	3,388,009	2,287,574	1.48
2015	3,953,863	3 2,284,721	1.73
2016	5,426,019	2,279,296	2.38
2017	6,710,244	596,962	11.24
2018	7,133,09	1,958,763	3.64

Stormwater Revenue Bond Issues

Operating Income Before Depreciation

Fiscal	and	I Amortization	Debt	Times
Year	Plus I	Interest Income	 Service	Coverage
2009	\$	1,741,159	\$ 319,078	5.46
2010		1,705,643	913,058	1.87
2011		2,673,115	882,226	3.03
2012		3,039,410	883,650	3.44
2013		3,319,630	878,890	3.78
2014		3,457,315	883,684	3.91
2015		2,916,478	922,123	3.16
2016		3,209,415	923,588	3.47
2017		2,674,852	905,838	2.95
2018		3,612,852	903,902	4.00

Capital Improvement Revenue Bond Issues

Fiscal	1/	2 Cent Sales	Debt		Times
Year	Ta	x Revenues	 Service	<u>C</u>	overage
2009	\$	3,258,324	\$ 1,584,050		2.06
2010		3,257,795	1,741,581		1.87
2011		3,406,437	1,726,855		1.97
2012		3,675,954	1,649,678		2.23
2013		3,902,357	1,746,210		2.23
2014		4,125,078	1,765,732		2.34
2015		4,311,002	1,763,509		2.44
2016		4,539,497	1,748,755		2.60
2017		4,639,164	1,671,118		2.78
2018		4,838,715	1,666,543		2.90

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR	CITY OF LAUDERHILL POPULATION	BROWARD COUNTY POPULATION	BROWARD COUNTY PERSONAL INCOME (IN THOUSANDS)		COUNTY PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME		(11)	CITY PERSONAL INCOME (IN THOUSANDS)		CITY ER CAPITA ERSONAL NCOME	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
2009	76,000	1,751,234	\$	72,096,553	\$	41,169	\$	1,469,612	\$	19,337	9.8
2010	76,000	1,751,234		72,096,553		41,169		1,469,612		19,337	9.8
2011	66,887	1,748,066		49,758,699		28,465		1,293,394		19,337	9.8
2012	66,887	1,748,066		49,758,699		28,465		1,293,394		19,337	9.8
2013	66,887	1,748,066		49,758,699		28,465		1,293,394		19,337	9.8
2014	69,813	1,838,844		51,864,595		28,205		1,295,520		18,557	5.7
2015	69,813	1,838,844		51,864,595		28,205		1,295,520		18,557	5.7
2016	69,813	1,838,844		51,864,595		28,205		1,295,520		18,557	5.7
2017	69,813	1,838,844		51,864,595		28,205		1,295,520		18,557	5.7
2018	71,970	1,935,878		58,287,351		30,109		1,318,850		18,325	4.9

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census for 1960-2018

^{*} Estimate based on annexation of un-incorparated area's

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2018		2009					
			PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL			PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL			
EMPLOYER	EMPLOYEES	RANK	EMPLOYMENT	EMPLOYEES	RANK	EMPLOYMENT			
City of Lauderhill	600	1	37.50%	514	1	56.24%			
Broward County Public School District in Lauderhill	500	2	31.25%	400	2	43.76%			
United Parcel Service	400	3	25.00%						
Publix	100	4	6.25%						
Total	1,600		100.00%	914		100.00%			

Source: City of Lauderhill Economic Development Department

Full Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function / Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
General Government										
Commission	5	5	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
City Manager	3	3	3	3	5	6	7	7	6	6
City Clerk	4	6	4	4	4	4	4	3	4	5
MIS	3	5	5	5	4	5	4	5	6	5
Special Events	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	4
Park Ranger	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	5
Finance	5	6	7	7	6	5	5	5	5	5
Purchasing	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3
Housing & Eco	4	3	3	0	0	0	0	4	5	4
Utility Customer Service	11	8	9	10	10	8	6	5	6	12
Management & Budget	8	7	6	7	6	6	7	4	3	4
Fleet Maint	4	3	2	2	2	3	5	4	4	3
Human Resources	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	6	6
Grants Administration	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Building	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	4	2
Planning/Zoning	5	8	6	5	3	5	0	5	4	5
Code Enforcement	9	8	9	10	15	13	8	9	12	13
Building Maint	16	16	12	11	7	8	9	12	15	15
Streets & Roads	17	14	20	21	4	2	3	4	4	7
Public Safety										
Police - Administration	15	8	6	14	9	12	11	11	11	10
Police - Operations	90	80	80	87	75	72	64	65	64	89
Police - Support Serv.	34	50	43	20	39	40	40	44	47	38
Fire/EMS	60	54	64	66	70	69	67	64	63	61
Fire Inspections	5	4	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
Fire - Rescue	29	29	28	23	23	26	25	23	24	24
Fire-Fleet Service	5	5		0	0	0	0	1	1	1
Culture and Recreation										
PALS - Admin	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	4	4	4
PALS - Aquatics	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	3	5	4
PALS - Athletic Programs	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	1	1
PALS - Park Maintance	0	0	1	1	21	21	19	20	22	23
PALS - Sports Park	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
PALS - Childrens Programs	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	0	1
PALS - Community Services	6	6	6	6	6	6	8	6	7	6
PALS - Transportation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Business Enterprise										
Engineering	8	8	8	9	9	10	7	3	4	4
Water Distribution	8	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Stormwater Capital Projects	17	14	15	14	15	15	17	24	20	7
Stormwater Maintenance	3	4	4	1	1	3	3	2	4	1
Water Transmission	23	24	23	21	23	22	21	18	18	19
Lauderhill PAC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3
TOTALS	415	398	385	368	378	382	363	383	398	408

Source: City of Lauderhill Finance Department

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018
Public Safety										
Police										
911 & Non Emergency Calls Received	77,929	74,516	76,805	61,488	62,222	63,932	65,375	59,029	66,243	65,594
Citations Processed	9,690	6,197	5,869	6,108	5,910	7,620	5,350	3,253	2,254	3,647
Arrests Processed	1,716	1,791	1,151	1,136	1,065	1,119	1,210	828	910	1,138
Fire Rescue										
Total Incidents	11,892	12,704	12,164	12,998	13,052	14,569	15,679	15,330	15,227	14,625
Total Fire Incidents	213	178	186	166	152	152	177	181	236	161
Physical Environmen										
Water Distribution										
Water Main Failures	-	19	9	11	21	22	7	8	4	9
New Water Mains Construction (Feet)	5675	50	-	870	-	180	-	-	-	- ,
Raw Water Treated (Billions of Gallons)	2913	2.04	2.04	2	2	2	2	2	2.2	2.2
Water Treatment										
Raw Wastewater Treated (Bilion of Gallons)	2.2	2.2	2.2	2	2	2	2	2	2.2	2.2
Sanitation										
Household Refuse Collected (Tons)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Recycling Tonnage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Culture and Recreation										
Pavilion Rentals	1,100	1,032	21	34	15	46	109	279	109	139
Park Attendance	171,019	323,740	308,411	355,043	384,330	232,952	405,102	419,500	393,721	413,897
Pool Attendance	12,450	15,537	14,458	5,704	15,348	11,541	8,355	4,165	11,733	11,268

⁻Figures were unavailable

Source: City of Lauderhill Various Departments

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Public Safety Police										
Station	4	4	3	3	3	4	4	3	5	6
Patrol Units										
Fire Stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Highways and Streets										
Streets(miles)	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	108
Streets lights	1620	1620	1620	1620	1620	1620	1620	1620	1620	1620
Culture and recreation										
Parks Acreage	235.76	236.66	237.69	237.69	237.69	237.69	237.69	237.69	237.69	237.69
Parks	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Tennis Courts	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Community Centers	4	5	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Aquatic Center	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Water										
Water Mains (miles)	145	145	145	145.16	145.16	145.16	144.04	145	145	145
Fire Hydrants	1318	1326	1327	1327	1331	1334	1335	1342	1342	1343
Maximum Daily Capacity* (millions of gallons)*	-	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Sewer										
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	123.22	123.22	123.24	123.24	123.24	123.24	123.44	123.44	123.44	123.44
Storm Sewers (miles)	50.53	50.53	50.53	50.53	50.53	50.53	50.53	50.53	50.53	50.53
Maximum Daily Capacity* (millions of gallons)*	-	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

⁻Figures were unavailable

Source: City of Lauderhill Various Departments

City of Lauderhill

Brown & Brown Public Risk Insurance Agency

Insurance Coverage

October 1, 2017-18

Total Premium \$951,068.00

Coverage	Limit	Deductibles/Retention
Property & Inland Marine	\$96,498,553	\$2,500 All other Perils, 5% occurrence per named storm minimum of \$15,000
Boiler & Machinery	\$50,000,000	\$2,500
Earthquake Annual Aggregate	\$1,000,000	\$2,500 per earth movement
Flood Aggregate	\$5,000,000	\$2,500 per flood loss except zones A&V
Terrorism	\$5,000,000	\$2,500
General Liability	\$1,000,000	\$100,000 (Self-Insured Retention)
Employee Benefits Liability	\$1,000,000	\$100,000 (Self-Insured Retention)
Law Enforcement Liability	\$1,000,000	\$100,000 (Self-Insured Retention)
Public Officials Liability	\$2,000,000/\$2,000,000	\$100,000 (Self-Insured Retention)
Employment Practice Liability	\$2,000,000/\$2,000,000	\$100,000 (Self-Insured Retention)
Workers Compensation	\$350,000	\$350,000 (Self-Insured Retention)
Auto Liability	\$1,000,000	\$100,000 (Self-Insured Retention)
Crime	\$500,000	\$5,000

Source: Brown and Brown Public Risk Insurance Agency



www.lauderhill-fl.gov

CITY COMMISSION

Mayor Ken Thurston Vice Mayor M. Margaret Bates Commissioner Howard Berger Commissioner Richard Campbell Commissioner Denise D. Grant

City of Lauderhill, FL 5581 W. Oakland Park Blvd. Lauderhill, FL 33313